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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

House committee is expected to make favorable report on bill for construction of a light house on the outer Diamond shoals, Cape Hatteras. —— Bowen has formally accepted Great Britain's protocol to secure reference of the Venezuela dispute to The Hague court. —— The Statehood bill was again discussed in the Senate. —— Gen. Chaffee arrived in Savannah yesterday. —— The condition of Dr. J. L. M. Curry shows no improvement; it is thought he is slowly sinking. —— Discussion of anti-trust legislation was continued at the White House. —— The steamer Madiana which sailed from New York Saturday for a cruise among the Caribbean islands with a party of excursionists was wrecked near Hamilton, Bermuda; all persons saved. —— Arthur L. Bishop was yesterday arraigned in court at Charlotte, N. C., for killing Thos. J. Wilson; the trial will begin Friday. —— Hubbard T. Smith, U. S. vice consul at Cairo, died yesterday. —— All officers of the Russian army reserves are notified to be in readiness to rejoin their regiments —— Reebino, the Italian anarchists on trial at Brussels for attempting to assassinate King Leopold, was found guilty and sentenced to life imprisonment. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steady; cotton quiet at 9 50c; flour was steady; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 82½; corn—spot steady, No. 2 63 ½; oats—spot steady, No. 2 43½c; rosin—firm; spirits turpentine firm at 66½ @67c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 10.

Meteorological data for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature: 8 A. M., 37 degrees; 8 P. M., 48 degrees; maximum, 55 degrees; minimum 35 degrees; mean, 45 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 0 00; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 2.09 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Washington, Feb. 9.—For North Carolina: Rain Wednesday; Thursday fair, colder; fresh east to south winds becoming west Thursday.

Port Almanac—February 11.

Sun Rises	6.53 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.36 P. M.
Day's Length	10 . 43 M.
High Water at Southport	7.13 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	9.43 A. M.

Indiana has a preacher whose name is Roherer, and he doesn't go back on his name.

Hobson having graduated in the study of bulkheads, is now thinking of turning his attention to a Bankhead.

It is comforting to know that the hero of the Merrimac blowout will go back to his first love if Germany ever Hobson us.

Hearing of that bill to pension ex-slaves may recall to some of the colored brethren the reminiscence of "forty acres and a mule."

Minister Wu's wife has had her feet operated upon after the Lorenz method. This may improve her understanding and also her gait.

Senator Morgan says the ratification of the Panama canal treaty may breed war. By the way Senator Morgan seems disposed to raise a little rucus himself.

Minister Bowen, who is running the Venezuelan business, formerly lived in Brooklyn, N. Y., and is a graduate of the Brooklyn Polytechnic School. Perhaps that's where he learned to do things.

What's the matter with Louisville? It is said that a suicide club exists there, composed of boys and girls, not old boys and girls, either. Two girls belonging to it have committed suicide within a year.

The cultivating of sugar cane for the purpose of making syrup, not sugar, is becoming considerable of an industry in Georgia and in Florida. The syrup is sold at home in Georgia, at a good profit, but in Florida it is bottled and shipped North.

Adelina Patti, has agreed to make another farewell tour of this country, giving sixty concerts, for which Manager Grau has contracted to pay her $300,000. With such substantial encouragement the probabilities are she will give us some more "farewells," as she seems to be faring pretty well on this side.

There has been a good deal of fun poked at that veterinary surgeon of the United States Department of Agriculture who discovered the "hook worm" down in Georgia, which gets into people and makes 'em lazy. But the h. w. seems to be pretty promiscuously scattered around in various parts of the globe, and it has an ancient ancestry, too, for Eygptian records speak of it 4,000 years B. C.

A STREET BRIDGE.

Agreement Between City and the D. L. Gore Company for Overhead Structure.

BOND EXECUTED YESTERDAY.

Indemnity of $10,000 Is Put Up to Guarantee City Against Liability—To Be Renewed Annually Upon Forfeiture of the Privilege.

The matter of the erection of an iron bridge across Water street by the D. L. Gore Company, connecting its store with its extensive warehouses across the street, which has been such a prolific source of argument and contention on the Board of Aldermen for some time is finally settled and the bridge will be built. It will be remembered that the Board of Aldermen at its last meeting granted the permission to the Gore Company, provided it entered into a good and sufficient bond, to be renewed annually or more often if at any time the bond may become insufficient, the amount of the bond being $10,000. The Mayor and City Attorney were instructed to sign the bond when in the shape designated.

The bond was executed yesterday and is signed by D L. Gore, president, and J. C. Gore, secretary of the D. L. Gore Company, D. L. Gore, individually, Mayor A. M. Waddell and City Attorney William J. Bellamy—by the latter as to "form and execution." The paper in part is as follows:

"The condition of the obligation is such that, whereas the D. L. Gore Company has obtained a permit from the City of Wilmington to erect a bridge above the street on Water street, connecting its main building with its warehouses on Water street, and whereas the City of Wilmington as a condition precedent to the erection or construction and maintenance of said bridge has required the D. L. Gore Company to execute a good and sufficient bond in the sum of $10,000 to indemnify and secure the said city against loss that may in any way occur to said city by reason of the erection of said structure and to indemnify the said city against loss incurred by the city on account of personal injuries arising from the construction and maintenance of said bridge.

"Now therefore, if the above bounden D. L. Gore Company and D. L. Gore, its surety, shall well and truly secure the said city against any loss that may in any way occur to the city by reason of the construction and maintenance of said structure and indemnify the city against loss incurred by the city on account of personal injuries arising from the construction and maintenance of said bridge, then this bond to be void; and, whereas it is expressly understood and agreed that this bond shall be renewed annually, or, if within any year the security in the bond shall become insolvent, then the bond to be renewed; and if, upon sixty days' notice, in writing, the bond is not renewed, then said bridge shall be removed."

LOCAL DOTS.

—A legalized primary for the Sixth Congressional District is what a great majority of the Democratic voters would dearly love to have.

—The W. C. T. U. will meet in the First Baptist church Wednesday at 4 P. M. A full attendance of ladies interested is earnestly desired.

— The Cumberland County Board of Education has elected Mr. D. A. McLaughlin, of Inverness, superintendent of schools, vice Prof. S. D. Cole.

— With a view to organizing a Union Baptist Church, a series of meetings is being held each night at 7:30 o'clock in the Fifth Ward hook and ladder hall.

— The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants, Association will be held this evening at 8:15. All Directors are expected to be present.

— The meeting of the Executive Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, appointed to be held yesterday afternoon at 12:30 o'clock, was postponed until the same hour this afternoon.

— The Dorcas Society of St. Paul's Lutheran church will give an entertainment to-morrow from 3 to 10 P. M. Music and refreshments will be features. No admission will be charged

— Live Oak Camp No. 6, Woodmen of the World, Monday night initiated seventeen candidates and received the applicstions of fifteen others. In honor of the occasion a spread of refreshments was served.

— The third of the series in a handicap golf tournament for men will be played next Saturday afternoon on the Cape Fear Golf Club links. The match will begin at 3 o'clock and eighteen holes will be played.

— The Charleston train due here at 11:45 P. M. Monday did not arrive until 3:05 o'clock yesterday morning. The engine attached to the train became disabled and another had to be sent out from Wilmington to bring the coaches in.

— A reception will be given by the Cape Fear Club Thursday evening week, Feb. 19th, from 9 to 12 o'clock. There will be dancing. The arrangements are being made by the House Committee composed of Messrs. M. W. Divine, H. H. McIlhenny and G. Herbert Smith.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—In bankruptcy.
Carolina Yacht Club—Attention.
Wm. E. Worth & Co.—Listen!
People's Savings Bank—Statement.
Wilming'n Grocery Co.-Fresh goods

THE REVENUE BILL.

Joint Legislative Committee on Finance Is Industriously at Work Upon It.

MAY REPORT THIS WEEK.

Many Changes Proposed Affecting the Business Community—Ample Time for Its Discussion and Consideration Will Be Allowed.

Perhaps no measure that will come before the General Assembly during the present session will be fraught with so much interest to the business community as the Revenue Bill, which many contend badly needs overhauling. The bill is at present in the hands of a sub committee from the Joint Senate and House Finance Committee, of which Senator H. A. London, of Pittsboro, is chairman.

The sub-committee worked faithfully upon the bill and reported to the Joint Committee Monday and the latter is now holding sessions until a late hour each night, preparing amendments and new provisions that will provide sufficient revenue for the State and at the same time will not be onerous upon the tax-payers. It is expected that the new bill will be reported to the House this week and ample time will be given for its full discussion and consideration before the rush incident to the closing of the session.

Monday night the Joint Committee decided to put a specific tax of $2.50 per mile upon the Southern Express Company, instead of the two per cent. on gross earnings, as under the present law. Last night the liquor section of the Act was considered and also the section concerning railroad and telegraph companies.

An extensive hearing was given last night to representatives of the railroad companies on the railroad tax levy of the act, Section 50, by which it is proposed to prescribe that railroads shall be taxed on the market value of their stock. C. B. Watson, represented the Norfolk & Western; Judge Francis D. Winston, the A. C. L., and H. W. Miller, the Southern. No action was taken.

Some of the minor changes in the proposed bill are outlined by Chairman London as follows:

The section of the present revenue bill relating to bank taxation and reports from corporations will be taken from the revenue act and placed where it properly belongs, in the Machinery Act. Several changes in this section are proposed, but will not be definitely determined until the Machinry Act is considered.

The change proposed in the income tax does not require persons to list their incomes which do not exceed $1,000, the amount exempted.

In schedule B, the first change proposed strikes out of section 32 the proviso allowing the license tax to be prorated for such parts of the year as it is used. Section 35, imposing the tax on circuses, etc., is amended so as to prevent circuses from avoiding, as many have done, the tax therein imposed. The change imposes a tax of $300 a day on every circus to which the price of admission, including a reserved seat, exceeds fifty cents.

The license tax is repealed on a number of vocations, such as auctioneers, dealers in fresh meats, wood dealers, junk dealers, etc. The tax on horse dealers is reduced from $35 to $15, to be paid to the State Treasurer. Dealers of clocks, stoves and ranges must pay a tax of $100 instead of $50 as heretofore.

Section 50, relating to pawn brokers, is amended to read, "This section shall apply to all persons, firms or corporations conducting a business of lending money and holding the same by chattel mortgage, pledge or otherwise and who charge more than the legal rate of interest." In section 54, relating to peddlers, persons who sell books, periodicals and printed music are exempted from the peddlers license tax.

The tax on lightning-rod agents is increased from $20 to $50.

The tax on hotels is changed so as not to tax those charging not over $1.00 a day.

The tax on oil tanks is increased from $20 to $100 and a tax of $5 is levied upon each delivery wagon of oil.

Section 70, relating to liquor dealers, is amended so as to increase the tax therein levied from $30 to $150, from $100 to $200 and from $35 to $50.

The Merchants Special License Tax of $1.00 is repealed and their tax on their gross sales is changed so as to be fifty cents on sales of $1,000 or less and on all sales over $1,000 or any fractional part thereof, fifty cents for each $1,000 or fractional part thereof. This change will impose a much less tax on small merchants and a larger tax on merchants who sell over $5,000.

The tax on emigrant agents is increased from $35 to $100 for the State and $100 in each county.

Section 91, relating to the tax on corporations, is amended so as to add thereto the words "No county, city or town shall have the power to levy a franchise tax under this section."

The taxes on cigarettes, express companies and telegraph companies will be increased and a tax will be levied upon whiskey.

The sub-committee which has been preparing the revenue act, will now begin their work upon the machinery act, in which many important changes are proposed.

Witness in Murder Case.

Thomas Doscher, colored, who is said to know something of the fight in which the negro Shines was killed early Sunday morning, was arrested subsequent to the coroner's inquest, by the police, and was yesterday recognized to appear at the March term of court and testify. The Thomas negroes, in jail charged with the murder, have consulted Messrs. Marsden Bellamy and Herbert McClammy, relative to defending them at the trial.

— Thomas Hawkins, colored, was committed to jail by Justice Fowler yesterday charged with an assault upon William Jones in which the latter's skull was crushed. The deed was committed on March 2nd, last year, but Hawkins fled the county and has only recently returned.

HOSPITAL MANAGERS

Regular Monthly Meeting of James Walker Memorial Board Yesterday.

THE AMBULANCE MATTER.

Purchase of Suitable Vehicle in Sight School for Trained Nurses Legalized by Bill Just Passed by General Assembly—Other Notes.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Managers of the James Walker Memorial Hospital was held yesterday at 10 A. M. in the hospital building, Tenth and Red Cross streets. Capt. Walter G. MacRae presided and Dr. C. P. Bolles, Jr., acted as secretary. All other members were in attendance.

Dr. Joseph Akerman, surgeon in charge of the hospital, made his usual report for the month, which was satisfactory in every respect.

Perhaps the most important matter considered was the desirability of an hospital ambulance of modern construction. Although no action was taken it was pretty generally understood by members in attendance that at no distant day a vehicle of the kind desired will be in commission in connection with the institution. Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy, who has been one of the most enthusiastic advocates of an ambulance as a valuable adjunct to the modern equipment of the institution, emphasized the need of the vehicle and gave the Board much valuable information as to the probable cost, etc.

The resignation of Miss Lillie M. Heller, head nurse at the hospital, was formally accepted. Miss Heller resigned to return to her home at McKeesport, Pa., and has already left for that city, via Philadelphia. No action has as yet been taken by the Managers as to her successor. Miss Hayes is acting in the capacity of head nurse until Miss Heller's successor is appointed. Her resignation in no way affects the school for trained nurses and the lectures are being conducted as usual.

The hour for the monthly meeting of the Board of Managers was changed from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. on the second Tuesday of each month. Members of the Board are all business and professional men who can better spare the time in the evening to attend the meetings.

Dr. Bellamy and Mr. D. C. Love, of the committee appointed for that purpose, reported the passage of a bill introduced in the Legislature, legally establishing the school for trained nurses at the hospital, which has been in successful operation for nearly a year. The hospital is now authorized to grant diplomas to students taking a prescribed course and in other ways to graduate trained nurses in the profession. The school will afford ladies an excellent opportunity to become members of a noble profession without the cost and inconvenience of going to the Northern cities for the training as heretofore.

Another special committee appointed upon legislation reported the passage of the bill in the General Assembly, authorizing the city and county jointly to appropriate $12,000 annually for the maintenance of the institution. A certified copy of the bill is already in the hands of the Board of Managers and is now in full force and effect.

Improving the Turnpike.

Pursuant to resolution at the special meeting of the County Commissioners last week, the Permanent Roads Committee this week drove over the Wrightsville turnpike and made a thorough inspection of it with a view of placing the same in perfect order for the increased travel that will come with the Spring and Summer season. It has been decided, as a result of the inspection which has previously been referred to in these columns, to place over the shell foundation an entirely new and continuous top dressing of the Castle Haynes material, from Wilmington to the Sound. The road force and machinery has been taken from the Scott's Hill road to the turnpike and the improvement will begin at once.

Wilmington Presbytery Meeting.

At a called meeting of Wilmington Presbytery held in this city Monday, the resignation of Rev. D. P. McGeachy as pastor of the Burgaw group of churches was accepted. As stated in these columns several days ago, Rev. Mr. McGeachy will go to Western North Carolina to engage in the Twentieth Century work of the North Carolina Synod. Rev. R. M. Mann, now of Clinton, was given permission of Presbytery to accept a call for one-fourth of his time to the Oak Plains church and Saturday before the third Sunday in March was appointed as the time for his installation.

Conference About Dick Bill.

Col. Walker Taylor, Maj. C. H. White, Maj. W. F. Robertson, of the Governor's staff; Capt. A. P. Adrian, of the W. L. I., and Lieut. H. M. Chase and Ensign S. K. DeVaney, of Wilmington Division, Naval Reserves, left last night for Raleigh in response to a call from Adjutant General Royster for a conference of militia officers of the State in regard to the Dick Bill, which recently passed Congress, providing for a national guard. Lieut. Col. T. C. James, of the Third North Carolina Regiment, expected to join the party at Goldsboro last night.

$400,000 IN BONDS.

That Is the Amount Proposed for North Carolina in a Bill Introduced Yesterday.

$200,000 FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Sessions of the General Assembly Yesterday—Measure Affecting Contractors and Builders—Bill Abolishing Bucket Shops—Notes.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 10.—Representative Doughton, of Alleghany, introduced in the House to-day a bill providing for a $400,000, 3½ per cent. bond issue to meet State appropriations and for other purposes. This is a compromise bill agreed upon in committee, Governor Aycock in his message having asked for $500,000. The State deficit is $319,000.

In the Senate, White, of Franklin, introduced a bill to appropriate $300,000 to public schools, being a renewal of the appropriation two years ago.

Other bills introduced in the Senate were:

Webb, of Buncombe, to protect mechanics, laborers and material men by requiring contractors to furnish sworn statements of amounts due workmen and for material before receiving payment; owners are also required to demand such statement before making payment.

Brown, of Columbus, to authorize Whiteville, to issue bonds.

Gilliam, of Edgecombe, to prevent fraudulent trading by requiring the name of the principal partner to be displayed in firm names; except incorporated companies.

Gilliam, of Edgecombe, to protect employes, by extending the principle of "vice-principal" so that when employes in authority order subs to do certain work and injury results, the firm or corporations will be liable for damage.

Bills introduced in the House were:

Uzzell, to protect landlords and tenants.

Phillips, to protect the oyster industry in Brunswick.

Self, to provide and increase punishment in cases of assault with intent to outrage.

The Senate passed as special order, a bill providing for the inspection and sale of cotton seed meal or fertilizer.

A second special order, regulating the sale of concentrated food stuffs went over until to-morrow.

A joint resolution was passed urging Congress to pass the Appalachian Park bill. Also bills to incorporate Hiawasse Railroad Co.; Bank of Dupplin, at Wallace, and a substitute for establishing a Board of Examiners for trained nurses, by whom licenses shall be issued.

A substitute bill to provide dead bodies for medical colleges, giving them bodies of those who die in jails, penal institutions and bodies not claimed by relatives.

The only notable bills to pass the House were:

To provide for the incorporation of street railway companies under the general law.

To incorporate the Savings Bank and Trust Co., of Elizabeth City.

To exempt Jno. A. Russ, of Brunswick county, from peddler's tax.

The quickest legislation on record was enacted to-day. Jno. R. Webster arrived from Reidsville at noon with a bill to prohibit bucket shops in Reidsville. It was introduced in the Senate, and in twenty minutes had passed both branches of the legislature and was ready for ratification. It was railroaded at Webster's request.

The Senate committee on railroads and railroad commission voted by a big majority to again report the noted Justice "Whittle Bill" unfavorably. It requires railroad companies to blow whistles and ring bells always until persons on the track take notice, and if injury is done the company is liable. This is the bill, it is claimed, which would force roads to run trains most of the time under control.

HANDSOME PLEASURE YACHT.

"Bessie W," Pretty Little Craft That Will Ply the Cape Fear Waters.

The handsome pleasure yacht *Bessie W.*, just completed by Messrs. R F. Warren and George N. Penny at the Custom House wharf, was successfully launched yesterday afternoon with the apparatus of the Diamond Steamboat and Wrecking Co. The launching took place in the presence of a large crowd and the little yacht was much admired as her owners boarded her and went for a short trial trip. She is handsome and of a very neat model. She has accommodation, for a party of about fifteen and is fitted with a gasolene engine of seven horse power.

The *Bessie W.*, is named for Miss Bessie Williams, daughter of Capt. Edgar D. Williams, Wilmington's popular harbor master and clever citizen. The trim little craft is destined to be a source of much pleasure and convenience to her owners and their friends.

New Presbyterian Church

Rev. William Black, of Davidson, Synodical Evangelist for North Carolina, passed through the city Monday from Phœnix, Brunswick county, where he had just concluded a successful revival, at which there were 30 conversions. He also brought with him news that he had the petition of 25 consecrated people of that section for the establishment of a Presbyterian church at Phœnix. The new church will be organized on Saturday before the first Sunday in March.

AUnique Enterprise.

Mr. George Seal, of Philadelphia, who spends a part of each Spring in Wilmington collecting rare water plants, etc., for a Northern firm, arrived yesterday on the New York steamer and will begin work at once. Mr. Seal brought down a number of assistants and his handsome little launch, which is used in plying the Cape Fear and tributaries for plants of the kind wanted.

FIRE THIS MORNING.

Serious Conflagration Started at 2 O'clock on Front Street in a Basement.

BAFFLED THE DEPARTMENT.

Flames in the Basement Were Hard to Get at and Burned Fiercely—The Fire Still Burning To-day—Loss Cannot Be Estimated Yet.

At 2:25 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the basement of the three-story, brick dry goods establishment of Mr. A. D. Brown on Front street. As the Star goes to press this morning the fire is still burning, but the firemen were confining the flames pretty much to the tier of buildings in which they originated.

The stock of dry goods in Brown's store will be pretty much a complete loss and the stock of clothing in the store of the A. David Company will also be badly damaged.

Of course at this hour it is impossible to say as to the extent of the damage but it will run into the thousands.

The fire probably started from a cigarette or cigar stump dropped carelessly by some pedestrian through the grating over the basement on the sidewalk. The flames had gained considerable headway when discovered by Policeman W. M. Harriss. An alarm was sent in from Water and Market streets, and two streams from hose were soon playing into the cellar. Later, Engine No. 1 went to the Princess street dock and afforded a stream from the river.

Smoke poured from the fire in dense volumes and as the wind was blowing toward the Star office, it made work very difficult. The firemen were also badly handicapped.

The building in which the fire originated belongs to the estate of L. Vollers. No insurance figures are, of course, obtainable at this hour.

At 4:30 o'clock this morning A. D. Brown's store is a total loss, and it looks as if David's store on southwest corner of Front and Princess streets is doomed to nearly a complete loss. Brown's loss on store will be $35,000; insurance, $35,000. The loss in the building is about $8,000. The David store is owned by Mrs. P. M. McCrary. The David stock probably is worth $45,000.

The offices of the C. R. L. & P. Co., and Hugh MacRae & Co., next south of Brown's, were badly damaged by smoke and water.

5 A. M.—The fire appears under control, with only partial loss to David stock and building.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. James Sinclair is the guest of friends at Red Springs, N. C.

— Mrs. C. W. Worth returned home yesterday from a plersant visit to Raleigh.

— Mrs. W. A. Farriss has gone to Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, for treatment.

— Mrs. J. M. Wells and little son returned last night from a six week's visit to Buena Vista, Va.

— Miss Nell Bernard, of Durham, has gone to Raleigh to visit friends, after a delightful visit to Mrs. S. M. Sanders, of this city.

— Yesterday afternoon's Fayetteville *Observer*: "Miss Mary Fuller Robeson, and her guest, Miss DeVane of Faison, went down to Wilmington yesterday afternoon on the *City of Fayetteville*."

— Mr. H. M. Durant, of Berta, Pender county, is in the city on a business trip. He says that Mr. Marshall who was injured near that place last week by being hit in the head by the lever pole of a log wagon, is improving.

— Mr. W. W. Blair has returned from Gainesville, Ga., whither he was summoned on account of the serious illness with peritonitis of Mrs. Blair, whom her numerous friends in Wilmington will be delighted to know is improving.

— Raleigh correspondence: "Mr. H. M. Emerson, of Wilmington, traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, arrived in Raleigh this morning and will appear before the legislative committee this afternoon relative to the Erwin bill about freight over-charges. Mr. Emerson is one of the most efficient and popular railroad men in the State."

ATTACKED OFFICER HARRISS.

Married a Month, John Robinson Started Domestic Row and Went to Hospital.

The domestic equilibrium of the household of John Robinson, white' who married Mrs. Florence McDougald, the dressmaker, on Second, between Market and Dock streets, about a month ago, was woefully disturbed this morning at 12:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Robinson says her husband was drinking and commenced to raise a row in the house. She ran to the street and called for help. Policeman W. M. Harriss was on the beat, and hearing the woman's cries, he went to her rescue. Upon entering the house the infuriated husband made for the officer with a knife and Mr. Harriss defended himself by felling Robinson with a blow from his club over the head, which made an ugly gash over the left eye and sent the young man to the hospital for repairs. Later he was returned to the police station and locked up for a hearing in the Mayor's court to-day at noon.

LISTEN!

We claim that the COAL we are selling is as good as any Domestic soft COAL sold on this market. Try it and you will find it so.

Our Price Is $5.00 Per Ton.

When you pay more, you are out the difference for looks.

Weight Guaranteed.

Give us your orders and save money.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. feb 11 tf

Statement of The Peoples' Savings Bank,

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of business February 5th, 1903, condensed from report to Corporation Commission. (Began business April, 1900.)

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 395,135 21	Capital Stock	$ 30,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,263 00	Profits, less expenses and taxes paid	11 076 00
Cash on hand and due from Banks	126,673 16	Deposits	380,934 21
Total	$ 422,608 21	Total	$ 422,608 21

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF DEPOSIT.

February 6th, 1901, $309,914.15. February 6th, 1902, $397,234.37. February 6th, 1903, $380,935.21.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
feb 11 tf F. W. DICK, Cashier.

LOCAL PORT PARAGRAPHS.

News of the Shipping at Wilmington Yesterday—Steamer Garlands Reported Floated at Big Kinnakeet.

The schooner *Emily F. Northam*, in charge of the popular Capt. Pennewell, arrived yesterday from New York and will receive a cargo of lumber.

The steamer *Geo. W. Clyde* arrived yesterday from Boston, via New York, and cleared in the afternoon for her regular Georgetown trip. The *Clyde* is again on this line permanently.

The Fayetteville *Observer* says the steamer *Howes*, which has been tied up at Fayetteville for a month, has proceeded to Wilmington and will hereafter run on the Northeast river.

British steamer *Muriel*, 1,565 tons, Capt. Freeman, arrived yesterday from Baltimore for cargo of cotton from Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son. She is now the only regular cotton steamer in port. The *Daventry* and *Eastry* are here, but the first named is in distress and the *Eastry* will take part of her cargo.

The only change in the local naval stores market yesterday was an advance in tar to $1.65 per barrel. Spirits remained firm at 65 cents—the highest price in thirty years. Dealers think the healthy tone of the market has come to stay and upon the strength of that belief in the country, it is said, that many pines hitherto unworked, because of their inaccessibility will be boxed next season. This will be especially noticeable, it is reported, in Brunswick county, where much of the land and timber is cut off by swamps.

Mr. W. L. Miller, manager of the Acme Tea Chest Co., yesterday received a telegram from Capt. Doherty, of the British steamer *Garlands*, previously reported ashore at Big Kinnakeit, stating that the vessel had been floated and was awaiting orders of the owners. She will probably proceed to Newport News for repairs and later come to Wilmington. Capt. Hunter, of the British steamer *Savan*, which is in at Southport for slight repairs, came up to the city yesterday evening for a conference with his consignees, Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son.

A correspondent writing from Norfolk Monday of the steamer *Garlands* says: "All three of the wrecking tugs are on the scene of the wreck of the steamer *Garlands* at Kinnakeet Life Saving Station. At noon to-day there was no arrangement with either one of the tug owners for the salvage of the ship. Captain Doherty was dickering with the masters of the three tugs, two of them of the *Luckenbachs*, and the *Rescue* of the Merritt & Chapman Company. The steamer is lying on her side and is still in a safe condition. None of the men who were aboard were hurt in coming from the ship on Sunday morning in the breeches buoy, and they are all reported well now. One of the tugs will likely begin pulling the vessel off as soon as the bargain is struck."

(By Associated Press.)

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 10.—Reports received here last night from Big Kinnakat life saving station, near Cape Hatteras, announced that the British steamship *Garlands* which had blown ashore last Saturday morning, is still firmly imbedded in the sand. The tugs are still making heroic efforts to float the stranded vessel, and there are thought to be some hopes of their succeeding.

Father Caused His Arrest.

Wm. Doe, colored, arrested at Second and Bladen streets at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, was sent to the roads by the Mayor for 30 days. Doe was arrested at the request of his father, to whose home he went and started a "rough house," while under the influence of liquor.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

Notice of Dissolution.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name and style of Vollers & Hashagen has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. H. L. Vollers, having purchased all of the interest of F. E. Hashagen in the said firm, is alone authorized to collect the debts owing to the said firm, and has assumed and will pay all the liabilities of the same.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1903, at Wilmington, N. C.

H. L. VOLLERS,
F. E. HASHAGEN.

NOTICE.

The undersigned having purchased all of the interest of F. E. Hashagen in the firm of Vollers & Hashagen, will hereafter conduct the business carried on by the said firm at the old stand under the name of H. L. Vollers.

Dated at Wilmington, N. C., this 7th day of February, 1903.

feb 8 tf H. L. VOLLERS.

Fresh Goods.

Just arrived per steamer to-day:

Maple Sugar and Cream (in cans). Tournades Kitchen Bouquet, a delightful flavoring for Soups, Gravies, &c.

Grains-Fruitine (extra peeled); Codfish Waffles, Pickled Salmon, Kippered Salmon, Smoked Halibut, fat broilers.

The above with a full line of Imported Cheese. Just arrived this day.

For sale by

WILMINGTON GROCERY CO.,
No. 15 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 14. Inter-State 'Phone 65.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, EASTERN District of North Carolina, ss: In the United States District Court, in and for said District. Fourth division. In the matter of William J. Benton, bankrupt. In bankruptcy. Notice of first meeting of creditors. To the creditors of William J. Benton, of Whiteville, in the county of Columbus, State of North Carolina, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1903, the said William J. Benton was duly adjudicated a bankrupt; and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the Federal Court room in Wilmington, N. C., on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1903, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Wilmington, N. C., February 10th, 1903.

SAM'L P. COLLIER,
feb 11 1t Referee in Bankruptcy.

The Only Restaurant,

Our Restaurant Has Made a Reputation!

There are thousands of people in this city who when they think of our Restaurant think of a quiet and cozy place where the food is excellent, the service prompt and the prices moderate. It is now an assured success.

Orders for Plants, Floral Designs, Cut Flowers, Bouquets, &c., filled promptly and at reasonable prices.

CHARLES ANDERSON & CO.
Telephone 719. jan 3 tf

We have on hand a fresh shipment of

WILEY'S CANDIES,

THE BEST MADE.

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.
jan 1 tf Call both 'Phones 55.

Attention Carolina Yacht Club.

The annual meeting of this club will be held Monday, February 16th, at the New Hanover county court room at 8:15 o'clock P. M. Important election of officers.

H. B. SAVAGE,
feb 11 2t we su Purser.

Secure a House!

I HAVE FOR SALE Dwellings and Vacant Lots in any part of the city desired. Cash or time payment to suit buyer.

D. O'CONNOR,
jan 8 tf Real Estate Agent.

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 11.

AS A WESTERN MAN SEES IT

In the section of country surrounding Chadbourn there are a good many Western people who have bought farms and settled there within the past few years. They are thoroughly identified with the country, like it, and we are glad to know are prospering. There is a a paper published there called *The Trucker*, published and edited by some of these Western men, and devoted to the interests of farmers and especially truckers. It is non-partisan and seldom touches upon political topics unless there be some particular reason for it. For those reasons the following editorial, which appeared in last weeks issue, will be interesting as showing the views of a Western man and a Republican in politics, on the negro question, and at the same time a rebuke to Mr. Roosevelt and his adherents who are doing so much to make that more a question of bitter contention then it was. Speaking about the invitation of negroes to the White House reception, and the appointment of Crum as collector at Charleston, this editor from the West says:

We came to the South about five years ago. Then we were of the opinion that the negro was the poor, down trodden people that one hears about all over the North, but we were not here six months before we could see plainly who the persecuted were, i. e. the people who have to live near them. The North cries out for the protection of the colored race, and makes much ado about the way the negro is treated in the South; but, after all, the best friends that the negro has are the people that have known him and are acquainted with his peculiarities. The more religious a negro the closer that negro must be watched.

If those people of the North who are interested in the welfare of the negro will come South and study the existing conditions instead of writing so much, the negro would be much better off. There is as much difference between the negro of the North and the negro of the South as there is between darkness and light. There are settlements of negroes in the North that are good, upright citizens and behave as they should and they hold the respect of the white race.

The people of the South have been taught to look upon the negro as a slave and to have him placed in an equal or even a higher position is a hard proposition

In our opinion the appointment of negroes to offices of trust is a sad mistake. Give them an inch and they will take a mile. See how they have risen up and demanded office since the incident of the President firing an office holder for trying to form a white Republican party in the South, when he should have had a gold medal, for as long as there is a negro in politics in the South just so long will the best white men be kept out of politics.

We heartily commend the good work Senator Pritchard has done towards this end. By the combined efforts of the masses in a few years you will find two good, strong parties in the South. So long as those in office persist in appointing negroes to office in the South, and inviting them to places where they are sure to meet the best people of the South, knowing the existing feeling, just so long are they committing one of the greatest crimes of modern times.

How much more pleasant it would have been to have had a white man as Collector at Charleston, and left the colored people out of the affair at Washington, no one would have been hurt and all would have passed of pleasantly while under the existing circumstances it will take years to erase it from the memory of the south. See what they will do the moment they are recognized. Hear the speeches they make. See the boldness with which they come out and demand recognition; they think they have the North at their backs. Come South and study their characteristics and we will hear no more about the "Jim Crow" car or the disfranchisement acts.

It was a crime against the South when the negro was given the power to vote, and so long as he is considered on an equality with the white man the crime grows more and more heinous.

This editorial is evidently intended more for Western and Northern readers than it is for Southern readers, for it seems to be addressed to them, but the writer sizes up the situation about right and speaks very frankly about his own mistaken views until enlightened by experience and contact with the "oppressed negro." The fact he is more severe and less tolerant of this "oppressed negro" than is the Southern white man who has been accustomed to the negro all his life, for the reason, doubtless, that he expected, as most people from other sections do, more from the negro than the native white man does. But this does not lessen the force of his remarks or make less valuable his observations.

In this connection it may be incidentally remarked that nine-tenths, if not more, of the Northern and Western men who settle in the South vote the Democratic State and local tickets whether they vote the Republican national ticket or not, and for the same reason that this Western editor expresses his views so freely, they learned something about the negro by observation and contact and know that it is not good for the white man nor for the black man either that he have political power.

Believing thus ninety-nine out of a hundred of the men from other sections, who have settled in this State, voted for the qualified suffrage amendment to our State constitution and did it for the express purpose of politically eliminating the bulk of the negroes. It is no matter of prejudice with them, for the probabilities are that the majority of them came South sympathizing with the negro, as the editor from whom we quote says he did, and continued to sympathize with them until experience taught them that their sympathy was misplaced, and that they had been coming to conclusions from what they had heard from people who didn't know, or had a selfish motive in misrepresenting the conditions.

Until Mr. Roosevelt yielded to the whisperings of a selfish ambition he took a much broader, more conservative and sensible view of the race question than he does now, and if his destiny were cast in the South he would naturally return to these views, and admit his error as so many other Northern and Western Republicans who once leaned towards the negro before they were brought into juxtaposition with him have done.

No white man from any other section who comes South to live and to live by honest industry will long continue to be the advocate of the equality of the races, political or otherwise. They soon learn better.

A FLIGHT OF FANCY.

Senator Hanna's bill, introduced "by request," to pension ex-slaves, is not regarded seriously anywhere. In the North it is looked upon simply as a ruse to catch the negro vote. The New York *Herald* sizes it up thus:

If the witty Frenchman who defined Business as "other people's money" were living in our time and country he probably would have reserved the the phrase to describe, not business, but politics.

There is something literally stunning in the reckless profusion with which our politicians propose to distribute millions, tens of millions and hundreds of millions of other people's money.

The bill introduced by Senator Hanna for pensioning the former slaves is such a dazzling flight of fancy and involves such unheard of sums that the whole contingent of would-be distributers of other people's money must take off their hats to him. If that doesn't "catch the negro vote," what will?

This is Hanna's play to checkmate Roosevelt, another illustration of which he gave in committee, when as one of four against ten he voted for a report on the Crum case.

While Hanna's "by request" bill would not meet with popular endorsement anywhere if it came to a matter of serious consideration, there would probably be less opposition to it in the South than in the North, for in as much as most of the pension money thus paid out would come South this might be looked upon as a sort of offset to the $140,000,000 of pensions annually paid out to ex-soldiers, widows, etc., nine-tenths of which goes to the North. This would put lots of money in circulation in the South, but this would be a sufficient reason why Republican statesmen on the other side of the line would never pass a measure of that kind, whether Hanna stood sponsor for it or not.

They always have an eye to business in legislation of that kind. If the majority of ex-slaves lived up there as the majority of the pensioners do such a measure might be regarded with more favor and might be looked upon as a good way to get rid of the surplus; but they have no idea of dumping the surplus in the South through the agency of Hanna's and Roosevelt's wards, who will have scuffle along as usual without pensions, or anything more substantial than offices that loom up in perspective for the fellows who have a pull on the office dispensers.

They do not waste coal dust in Germany as we do in this country. They have machines for compressing that, and peat and lignite into bricks, which are sold for fuel and make good fuel, too. Consul General Mason, at Berlin, who seems to be a pretty observant and wide-awake sort of a fellow, calls the attention of our miners and people having peat beds to these machines and gives them a valuable hint as to the saving by their use. These "briquettes," as they are called, furnish the main fuel supply of Berlin and are cheaper than coal.

The Rome correspondent of the London *Times* draws a gloomy picture of the condition of the people in some of the provinces in Italy. With depression in agriculture and other industries, the only profitable business is that of the money-lender, who is generally a usurer. As an illustration he cites the fact that the Bank of Italy and the Bank of Naples have foreclosed mortgages on over $10,000,000 worth of property in the Neapolitan provinces.

A bacteriologist in London recently microscoped 10,672,000 disease germs in the washing's of a woman's train after she had swept the streets awhile. The presumption is that she left some for the other women who wear trains. That seems to be a great germ town, but this does not prevent a good deal of kicking at the German alliance.

Talk about shipping coals to Newcastle! We are making Dutch Schnapps in this country and shipping it to Holland, where they seem to snap at it.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

ANOTHER HITCH.

It was reported a couple days ago that while it was generally supposed that Great Britain, Germany and Italy were acting in unison in the Venezuela business, there was a secret compact between Germany and Italy, which left Great Britain out. This seems to be confirmed by the dispatches published yesterday, according to which both of these powers make special claims, distinct from those made by Great Britain, in which they assert precedence not only over other nations having claims, but over Great Britain, with which they were supposed to be acting in concert, with a full understanding. These claims Minister Bowen says he cannot and will not recognize. Other powers certainly will not recognize them, and unless Great Britain is willing to become a mere cipher in the business she will not recognize them.

While these powers appeared to be acting in unison against Venezuela, each is playing a game of its own. Great Britain, which has her eye on more important matters nearer home and sees danger looming up in the direction of Turkey, is anxious to get out of this mess so as to be hand free, and possibly Kaiser Wilhelm, who also has interests to look after if trouble begins on Turkish territory, may be playing to embarrass Great Britain by adding to the Venezuelan complications, for which it seems she was originally more responsible than Germany, and in which she played a game not to her credit by every means. The discovery of this may have something to do with Kaiser Wilhelm's subsequent course as one of the ways of getting even with the English manipulators who invited Germany to join England in the demonstration against Venezuela, and then let it go abroad that the initiative was taken by Germany and that the Germans were responsible for all the strenuous and extraordinary proceedings done there.

But Minister Bowen is standing manfully by his post, and he has good backing, too, for if it comes to an issue Germany and Italy will find their secret compact a difficult game to work and will find themselves confronted by a combine of all the other countries having claims against Venezuela.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Five years from to-day will our flat pine lands be considered our best? There have been stranger changes of public opinion, and a visit to Hastings and Olustee and Griffing could do something in that direction even now.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

—— In one thing President Roosevelt has steadfastly shown good, hard horse sense and wise discretion, for which he deserves credit from the country at large. That is in strenuously declining to be dragged, cajoled or inveighed into acting as arbitrator in the Venezuelan embroglio.—*Richmond News-Leader, Dem.*

—— If His Strenuousness had shown the same impetuosity in the Venezuelan as in the Indianolan affair he would have locked horns with Billy Hohenzollern a month ago. However, it is perhaps as well that he has kept himself on the safe side of the fence, although Billy has been pawing the earth and snorting in a distinctly irritating manner.—*Macon Telegraph, Dem.*

—— A large number of states, some twenty, have, at one time or another, tried to prohibit the liquor traffic within their borders, but all fell away from the policy except Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Kansas and North Dakota. And now Vermont, after fifty years' trial of nominal prohibition, goes back to local option. The order in which the states mentioned took up prohibition, was: Maine 1851; Vermont 1852, New Hampshire 1855, Kansas 1881, and North Dakota 1889. The more practical reformers in the prohibition states (so called) that remain in the list, would gladly get rid of the failure and put something of possible good in its place, and in time they will attain their object.—*Chattanooga Times, Ind.*

— Clerk—Michael, are you about through moving those trunks? Porter—Yis, sor; in a few minutes. "Well, when you've finished stretch the life net over the front pavement. Mrs. Hibawl has just telephoned from the top floor that her husband has fallen out of the window."—*Smart Set.*

Better Than Gold.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicine I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run-down woman. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind †

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Warrenton *Record*: The furniture factory, under the management of Mr. A. D. Harriss, is booming. Orders are coming in constantly for chairs, and at an advanced price, too.

— Newton *Enterprise*: The shipping of sweet potatoes has begun. The market is opening out at 50 cents a bushel this year, which is better than usual. This is now one of the best paying crops of Catawba county and will bring into the county many thousands of dollars. Some of our farmers have as much as a thousand bushels to sell.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: The revenue officers struck a nest of blockade distilleries Friday night down in the section between Osbornville and New Castle, near the Yadkin line. They cut up five coppers in a few hours and destroyed about 6,000 gallons of beer. The stills were new ones, some of them 150 gallons capacity. The officers did not capture a single person. It was between midnight and day and the fires had been drawn and the blockaders were at home asleep.

— Salisbury *Sun*: The Kesler Cotton Mill has greatly enlarged its capacity and will shortly begin operating a mill in the north ward in the building formerly occupied by the Littman Cordage Factory. In this building has been placed 5 530 spindles and the mill will shortly be ready for operation. In the old mill 4,500 spindles have been added to the 10,000 already in use and 250 looms have been installed, the number of spindles in the two mills being increased from 10,000 to 20,000, which means a big increase in the number of employes.

— Tarboro *Southerner*: Saturday afternoon a strapping mulatto, a stranger, entered the store of Mr. Robbins at Rocky Mount, and was so disorderly that a clerz, Mr. Griffin, ordered him out. Instead of obeying the man he became abusive and insulting and drew his knife. Mr. Griffin seized the first thing near, which happened to be a grass hook, and laid one side of the fellow's face and head open to the bone. Some arteries were severed, but prompt medical attention closed these and prevented death. About a quart of warm salt water was injected, the wound sewed up and dressed, and the man is reported doing quite well.

— Winston *Republican*: The local daily papers report a peculiar death at Germanton, Stokes county, in the person of Mrs. David Rominger, Sunday afternoon, while in apparent good health, her gums began to bleed around the teeth. At first the flow was slow but continued until death resulted from the weakness naturally resultant. Efforts of physicians to stop the flow were unavailing. —— Tom Hege has just put in thorough repair an old clock that is a novelty in its way. The time-piece is the property of Mr. Percy Masten, this city, and was once owned by the late Mr. Samuel Shultz, of Salem. There are unique hand painted pictures to be seen and a platform near the face upon which a number of musicians appear who go through the motion of making music each time the clock strikes, but which in reality is furnished by a pipe attachment. Tom, who is a mechanic, says the whole arrangement is a specimen of exceptional workmanship and for its merits as a timekeeper, its musical productions and its age, is a valuable piece of property.

TWINKLINGS

She—Doctor, is squeedunk a good place to go for rheumatism? Dr.—Sure. That's where I got mine.—*Detroit Free Press*

— White Horse—I hate to eat dry hay. Brown Horse—Cheer up. Think of the people that eat health food.—*Chicago News.*

— Dick—Do you ever get the last word with your wife? Charles—Oh, yes; but I have to say it to myself when I get out on the street.—*Judge*

—"Did Johnson's purchase include also the good-will of the business?" "There wasn't any good-will to it. It was a coal dealer that Johnson bought out."—*Syracuse Herald.*

— Do you think you could be happy with a man like me? said Willie Washington, earnestly. Oh! yes, answered Miss Cayenne after a pause. I think so; if he wasn't too much like you.—*Washington Star,*

— "Sometimes," said the poet, "I have thoughts that struggle for expression." "And some of those you have given to the world show evidences of the struggle," replied the critic.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— While teaching my sister her geography lesson, I told her that the Mississippi River was the Father of Waters. "How is that?" she inquired, "if it is the Father of Waters, it ought to be called Mister-Sippi."—*The Little Chronicle.*

— Mamma asked Nellie what she had learned in Sunday school, and she replied: "That I must sell three tickets for the concert next week; give twenty cents for the superintendent's present; and that Noah built the ark."—*Little Chronicle.*

— "O! she's so sweet, so angelic and fair," sighed Lovett Furayte. "But I know I shall never succeed in winning her love." "Nonsense!" exclaimed May Sharpe. "Lots of other men have succeeded. Why shouldn't you?"—*Philadelphia Press.*

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

R. B. JOHN, P. E., Wilmington, N. C.

Onslow, Queen's Creek, Feb. 14, 15.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Half Moon, Feb. 21, 22.

District conference will meet at Jacksonville Tuesday Mar. 17th at 5 o'clock P. M. and continue through the 18th and 19th 1903.

The Way He Came.

At the finish of a football match a youngster in his hurry to get out scrambled over the paling that surrounds the ground.

A burly policeman standing by shouted to him as he was about to drop outside, "You young rascal, why don't you go out the way you came in?"

"So I am!" shouted the boy as he vanished into the crowd.

The policeman also vanished, amid the laughter of the bystanders.

Belief that there are as good fish in the sea as ever were caught is poor consolation to the man whose bait is gone.

Mysterious Circumstance.

One was pale and sallow and the other fresh and rosy. Whence the difference? She who is blushing with health uses Dr. King's New Life Pills to maintain it. By gently arousing the lazy organs they compel good digestion and head off constipation. Try them. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PUNISHMENT.

Social progress has done away with a great many forms of punishment once administered under the laws of enlightened people. But nature never changes or modifies her penalties. She still has the same punishment for the man who neglects or abuses his stomach as she had in the far off days "when Adam delved and Eve spun."

The physical discomfort, dullness, sluggishness, irritability, nervousness and sleeplessness which are visited upon the man who eats carelessly or irregularly have been from the beginning the evidences of disease of the stomach and its associated organs of digestion and nutrition.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures the diseased stomach and enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food, so that the sluggishness, irritability, nervousness and sleeplessness which result from innutrition are cured also.

"I was taken sick nine years ago with fever," writes Mr. M. M. Wardwell, of Linwood, Leavenworth Co., Kansas. "Had the doctor and he broke up the fever all right, but I took diarrhœa right away; he couldn't cure it and it became chronic, and then he gave up the case. I got so weak with it and had piles so badly I couldn't lie down, nor hardly sit up. Was that way two or three months; thought I would never be well again, but picked up one of Dr. Pierce's Memorandum Books one day and saw your description of catarrh of the stomach. I thought it hit my case. We had a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in the house that was got for mother. You recommend it for catarrh of the stomach, so I went to taking it. The one bottle nearly cured me. I got two bottles next time and took one and one-half and was well. I haven't been bothered with diarrhœa since."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

AFTERNOON TEA.

A Function Which May Be Either Simple or Elaborate.

Afternoon tea is one of the most charming features of modern hospitality. It can be a practice both of the rich and of those in extremely modest circumstances. In fact what more simple than the cup of tea handed with the dainty cracker or sandwich?

The tea table should be kept in one corner of the drawing room. It is a rather low and broad table, with a little shelf under it for extra cups, spoons, etc. It should be covered with a pretty doily, and on it should be placed a brass teakettle over a little alcohol burner, a teapot, creamer and sugar bowl, a couple of little cut glass dishes for the salted almonds or bonbons and the tiny cups and saucers.

THE HOSTESS POURS.

Have the maid, who is dressed in a black wool gown and spotless white cap and linen collar and cuffs, bring in the kettle freshly filled, light the alcohol lamp and talk to your guests while the water is boiling. Put into the teapot a spoonful of tea for each guest and one for the pot, cover this with the water as soon as it boils and let stand for a few minutes. Then fill the teapot with boiling water and pour at once.

Place the lumps of sugar in the bottom of the cup, then the cream and last the tea. Slices of lemon thinly cut should be at hand for those who prefer their tea Russian fashion. As each cup is poured the maid takes it and passes it to the guest, and when all are served she retires from the room, but stays within call. At an informal afternoon affair sandwiches, little cakes, salted peanuts and the lighter forms of bonbons can be served. When these afternoon teas become more pretentious affairs, with engraved cards sent out a week beforehand, the table may be larger, banked with flowers, and on it besides the tea things there may be several chafing dishes of silver filled with creamed oysters, crab meat, hot bouillon, etc. Besides tea, chocolate and coffee with whipped cream may be served, together with ices or salads. Sometimes the hostess is assisted by her friends in pouring, or the daughter of the house and two or three pretty girls do the honors. At larger affairs the refreshments are simply passed around by two or three well trained servants, whose duty it is to move noiselessly and see that every one is served. Music forms a pleasing accompaniment.

HELEN CLIFTON.

A Literary Kleptomaniac.

Among French writers no one carried the profession of the literary brigand to such an extent as Mme. de Genlis. In 1830 her evil ways brought her into the courts of law under very discreditable circumstances. Bout, the publisher of a series of manuals, engaged her for the sum of £16 to write a "Manuel Encyclopedique de l'Enfance." The manuscript, which had been paid for, was on the point of being printed when it was discovered to be an exact copy of a book of the same kind published in 1820 by M. Dascha. I do not find it easy to understand the audacity of a writer who would perpetrate a fraud of such enormity or the imbecility which would suppose that it would not easily be detected.

Another time she contributed to a Paris newspaper a feuilleton which turned out to be a close reproduction of a romance printed some twenty years before. Surely the poor woman suffered from literary kleptomania.—Gentleman's Magazine.

Reason and Instinct.

A certain north country miner was particularly proud of a clever little dog he possessed. At times he was apt to claim a little too much for his pet, and one morning a neighbor was endeavoring to point out the difference between instinct and reason when an amusing interruption occurred.

A seedy looking tramp turned the corner, and the dog, without so much as a word from his master, sprang into the road and offered battle.

"There you are," laughed the miner as the dog snapped and snarled round the heels of the tramp; "'e don't like the look of the chap. That's instinct."

Suddenly the tramp turned and kicked the dog into an adjacent field.

"There you are," ejaculated the miner's friend grimly. "The chap don't like the look of the dog. An' that's reason."—London Tit-Bits.

When the first baby howls at night with the colic, the father and mother look reproachfully at each other, as if to say, "You got me into this!"—Atchison Globe.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, February 10.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 55c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.80 per barrel for strained and $1.85 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.65 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2.40 per barrel for hard, $4.00 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin firm at $1.10@1.15; tar quiet at $1.20; crude turpentine strong at $1.35@2.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	6
Rosin	17
Tar	176
Crude turpentine	58

Receipts same day last year—2 casks spirits turpentine, 95 barrels rosin, 85 barrels tar, 12 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6½ cts. ₱ lb
Good ordinary	7¼ " "
Low middling	8¼ " "
Middling	8¾ " "
Good middling	9¼ " "

Same day last year, market firm at 7¾c for middling.

Receipts—178 bales; same day last year, 1,503.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm, Prime, 65c; extra prime, 70c; fancy, 75c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c. Spanish (new), 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 65@67½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 12½c.

EGGS—Dull at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@30c; springs, 15@20c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 12@12½c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 50c per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Firm at 3@4c per pound.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Money on call steady at 2¾@2¾ per cent., closing offered at 2¾ per cent.; time money easier: 60 days, 4¼ per cent; 90 days, 4¼ per cent.; six months 4¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4¾@5 per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills done at 487.35@487.40 for demand and at 484.35@484.40 for sixty days. Posted rates 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483¾@484. Bar silver 47¾. Mexican dollars 37½. Government bonds weak. State bonds—no report. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108¼; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108¼; U. S. 3's, registered, 107; do. coupon, 107. U. S. 4's, new registered, 134½; do. coupon, 135½; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 110; do. coupon, 110; U. S. 5's, registered, 102¾; do. coupon 102¾; Southern Railway, 5's, 117¾. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 103¾. Chesapeake & Ohio 53¾; Manhattan L 144¾; New York Central 150¾; Reading 63½; do. 1st preferred 88; do. 2nd preferred 76; St. Paul 179¾; do. pref'd, 193; Southern Railway 36; do. pref'd 95¾; Amalgamated Copper 70; People's Gas 107¼; Sugar 130¾; Tennessee Coal and Iron 64¾; U. S. Leather 14¾; do. pref'd, 94¾; Western Union 89¾; U. S Steel 39; do. pref'd 88¾; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co, 64¾; do. preferred, 124¾. Standard Oil, 737@740.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10—Seaboard Air Line, common, 36½; do. preferred, bonds, 42¾; fours, 84. Atlantic Coast Line, common 134; do. preferred, unchanged.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine firm at 66¼@67c.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 10.—Spirits turpentine firm at 64½c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — casks; A, B, C, D, E and F, $1 85; G, $1 95; H, $2 30; I, $2 75; K, $3 15; M, $3 35; N, $3 55; W G, $3 80; W W $4 15.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 10.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 65c; receipts 198 casks; sales 11 casks; exports — casks. Rosin firm; receipts 3,314 barrels; sales 3,274 barrels; exports 400 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, $1 90; F, $1 90; G, $2 00; H, $2 35; I, $2 80; K $3 20; M, $3 40; N, $3 60; W G, $3 85; W W, $4 25

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of five to nine points under profit-taking, disappointing cables and indications that to-day's port receipts would exceed those of last year. Just after the call values reached the low point of the session and were then seven to ten points under the best of yesterday, on the active options. With this level the bull leaders again supported values, May being in particularly active demand, leading to considerable talk of a May corner and to predictions that the New York stock, at present 104,000 bales certificated, would be reduced to much lower prices in the near future as a result of export engagements. Coincidental with these rumors were heavy buying orders from the South, and various spot interests also were buying freely, mostly of May, and this demand exerted a strengthening influence on the whole list. Around midday the market worked some three to six points under the best of the session as a result of fresh selling by longs based on expectations of an increased movement, but this soon gave place to renewed strength. European interests were heavy buyers and the spot situation was a factor in the afternoon strength. All the Southern spot markets reported prices unchanged to ¼ higher, while the local spot market was fifteen points higher, at 9 50. The close was within a point or so of the best prices of the day and net four to nine points higher on all save August, September and October, which were unchanged to one point higher. Total sales of futures were estimated at 600,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Cotton quiet at 9 50c; net receipts 1,010 bales; gross receipts 5,128 bales; stock 151,083 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet and 15 points higher; middling uplands 9.50c; middling gulf 9 75c; sales 230 bales.

Futures market opened firm and closed steady. The closing prices were: February 9.27, March 9.34, April 9 35, May 9.42, June 9.38, July 9.33, August 8.93, September 8.47, October 8.28.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 40,340 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,768 bales; exports to France 6,859 bales; exports to the Continent 35,943 bales; stock 926,006 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 92,892 bales; exports to Great Britain 34,853 bales; exports to France 29,966 bales; exports to the Continent 33,891 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 6,143,904 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,932,578 bales; exports to France 59,685 bales; exports to the Continent 2,059,081 bales.

Feb. 10.—Galveston, strong at 9 5-16, net receipts 14,099 bales; Norfolk, steady at 9½c, net receipts 1,515 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9¼c, net receipts 1,263 bales; Boston, quiet at 9.35c, net receipts 620 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 78 bales; Philadelphia, steady at 9.75, net receipts 2 bales; Savannah, firm at 9¼c, net receipts 6,547 bales; New Orleans, firm at 9½c, net receipts 14,678 bales; Mobile, strong at 9c, net receipts 148 bales; Memphis, firm at 9¼c, net receipts 14,678 bales; Augusta, quiet at 9 7-16c, net receipts 337 bales; Charleston, firm at 9½c, net receipts 181 bales

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—Flour was steady with a moderate demand for patents. Rye flour steady. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 83¼c. Options had an irregular day—firm and weak by turns and very nervous, reflecting manipulation again at the West. Cables were unsettled, cash demand light, interior receipts liberal and seaboard clearances small. On the other hand private French crop news was steady at a partial ¼c net advance. Sales included: March closed 84; May closed 83¼c July closed 79½c September 77¾c Corn—Spot steady; No 2 63¼c Options market was active all day and generally weak here because of large offerings of May by a local house and increased arrivals. There was another big export trade today. The market closed easy at ¼@½c net advance; February closed 60¼; March closed 58¼c; May closed 53¼c; July closed 50c. Oats—Spot steady; No. 2, 43¼c. Options were fairly active and steady. Quoted: May closed 43¼c. Lard steady; Western steam $10 00; refined steady. Pork easy. Tallow quiet. Butter firm; extra creamery 26c; State dairy 25@25c. Cheese firm; State full cream, small colored, fancy fall made 14½c; small white, fall made, 14½c. Peanuts steady; fancy hand picked 4¼@4¾c; other domestic 3@4½c. Cabbages easy; domestic, per barrel red $1 00@1 25; white 60@80c. Freights to Liverpool—by steam 13. Potatoes steady; Long Island $2 00@3 25; South Jersey sweets $2 50@3 75; Jerseys $1 75@2 00; New York and Western per 180 lbs., $1 50@2 00. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 3 3-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3½c; molasses sugar 2 15-16c; refined sugar firm. Molasses quoted firm. Coffee—Spot Rio firm; No 7 invoice 5¼c; mild quiet; Cordova 7@11¼c. Rice firm. Cotton seed oil was very steady, owing to the difference among sellers and the small spot supplies. Prime crude here nominal; prime crude f. o. b. mills 34@34½c; prime summer yellow 40@41c; off summer yellow 39c; prime white 45c; prime winter yellow 45c; prime meal $27 50@28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Trading on the Board of Trade to-day was rather quiet and wheat closed steady with May unchanged. May corn was a shade higher and May oats were also up a fraction. Provisions closed steady with the May products unchanged to 2½ lower.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Cash prices: Flour was steady. Wheat—No 2 spring 80@81c; No. 3 spring 73@79c; No. 2 red 75¾@76c Corn—No. 2 44c; No. 3 yellow 44c. Oats—No 2 35c; No. 3 white —c; No. 3 white 35½@36¼c. Mess pork, per barrel, quoted $16 90@17 00. Lard, per 100 lbs, $9 55@9 60. Short rib sides, loose, $9 00@9 20 Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 12½@8 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $9 37½@9 50. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No 2 February 75¾ 76, 75¾, 75¾c; May 79¾@79¾, 79½, 78¾, 79¾@79¾c; July 74¾@75@75¾, 74¾@74¼, 74¾c. Corn—No 2 February 44, 44, 44 44c; May 45¾@45¾, 46, 45¾, 45¾; July 43¾@43¾, 43¾, 43¾, 43¾c Oats—No. 2, February 35, 35, 35, 35c; May 37¼@37¾, 37¾, 37¾, 37¾@38; July 33¾@33¾, 33¾@33¾, 33¾, 33¾c Mess pork, per bbl—May $16 92½, 16 98, 16 85, 16 90; July $16 30, 16 30, 16 27, 16 27½. Lard, per 100 lbs.—February $9 60, 9 60, 9 55, 9 55; May $9 80, 9 52½, 9 47½, 9 47½; July $9 30, 9 30, 9 25, 9 25. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—May $9 22½, 9 25, 9 17½, 9 20, July $9 10, 9 10, 9 05, 9 07½; September $9 07½, 9 07½, 9 03½, 9 05.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 10.—Cotton: Spot moderate business done; prices two points higher; American middling 5.60d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 bales were for speculation and export and included 9,000 bales American. Receipts 5,800 bales, all American.

Futures opened firm and close quiet; American middling (g o c) February 4.93d; February and March 4.93d; March and April 4.92d; April and May 4.93d; May and June 4.94@4.95d; June and July 4.95d; July and August 4.94@4.95d; August and September 4.85d; September and October 4.59@4.60d; October and November 4.49d.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr City of Fayetteville, Worth, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Steamer Highlander, Bradshaw, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Schr Emily F Northam, 315 tons, Pennewell, New York, to master.

British steamship Muriel, 1,865 tons, Freeman, Baltimore, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Chichester, Boston, via New York, H G Smallbones.

Steamer Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co.

CLEARED.

Stmr City of Fayetteville, Worth, Fayetteville, T D Love.

Clyde steamship Geo W Clyde, Chichester, Georgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., February 11.

STEAMSHIPS.

Muriel, (Br) 1,865 tons, Freeman, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Savan, (Br) 1,668 tons, Hunter, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Eastry, (Br) 1,934 tons, Horsfield, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Emily F Northam, 315 tons, Pennewell, to master.

Albert T Stearnes, 483 tons, Bunker, to master.

Lillian Woodruff, 288 tons, Kneeland, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Oscar, (Nor) 720 tons, Schrader, Heide & Co.

Freidig, (Nor) 649 tons, Christophersen, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—69 barrels tar, 56 barrels crude turpentine.

W. & W. Railroad—36 bales cotton.

W., C. & A. Railroad—141 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 46 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—1 bale cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 17 barrels rosin, 61 barrels tar.

Total—178 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 17 barrels rosin, 176 barrels tar, 58 barrels crude turpentine.

Wood's Garden Seeds

Best for the "Sunny South."

WOOD'S NEW SEED BOOK FOR 1903 (mailed free on request), is full of good things and tells all about Seeds, both for Farm and Garden.

Wood's "Trade Mark Brand"

GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS

are the best qualities obtainable. Write for prices and our Seed Book giving full information.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

Jan 1, Dlw, W2t su we

J. W Murchison & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE,

No. 109 and 111 North Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

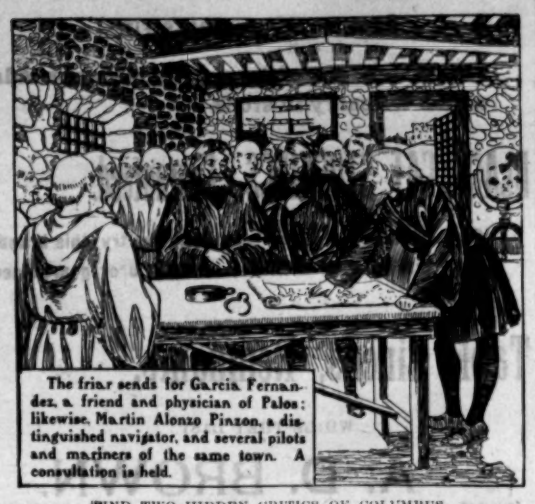
Hardware of every description at the very closest prices. We buy in car load lots and can sell cheaper than those who buy in smaller quantities

Complete line of Agricultural Implements and Mechanics' Tools. We can sell you from a Tack Hammer to a Steam Engine, and from a Plow Point to the latest improved Farming Machinery.

Fine stock of Cutlery, Guns, Pistols and Sporting Goods. Loaded Shells with Black or Smokeless Powder, Hun

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE TRAVELS OF COLUMBUS.



The friar sends for Garcia Fernandez, a friend and physician of Palos; likewise, Martin Alonzo Pinzon, a distinguished navigator, and several pilots and mariners of the same town. A consultation is held.

FIND TWO HIDDEN CRITICS OF COLUMBUS.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

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In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE NORTH CAROLINA HOT SPRINGS

THE MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

Hot Springs, N. C.

Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used These Springs are in the grounds of the

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the bank of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

Write us for Illustrated Booklet, with Analysis and Testimonials.

HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

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Rehder's Rehder's

Great Mid-Winter Clearing Sale,

Monday, January 25th, to Saturday, January 31st.

This year we will combine our Mid-Winter Clearing Sale with our usual Remnant Sale, making it one of the greatest sales of our business. All short lengths will be sold at about one-half off the regular price. Everything else will go at about one quarter off.

All prices this week are strictly cash. No such bargains have been offered here before.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and over. jan 25 tf

OH! DON'T

Miss seeing the display of

W. L. Douglas'

FINE SHOES.

Sizes for Men, 4 to 11; prices $2.25 to $5.00. Look in our window when passing.

Mercer & Evans Co.,

feb 8 tf 115 Princess Street.

MOTT'S

PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

J. C SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington

AT THE SULTAN'S COUCH

By Clinton Dangerfield

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The sultan rolled over on his couch of silk. As he faced his anxious attendants the glare in his eyes made them fall back as though he had struck them with the scimiter which always lay within his reach.

"Allah sent you all as a pingue!" he said fiercely. "Here have I lain three mortal hours, and sleep comes not near mine eyes. Higher with the lights, fools! Can a man rest with shadows hanging over him?"

The lights shone more brilliantly, while the ruler's eyes searched jealously in every corner. Suddenly he sat up.

"Fetch me that Christian page who was brought to the palace yesterday! I weary of the eternal sameness of your faces!"

The grand vizier, whose life was imbittered beyond words by his master's liking for his presence, went himself to seek the boy, wondering as he went how much longer he could attend to affairs of state if he was expected to keep awake all night as well.

A velvet footed eunuch brought him quickly to the page's side. The boy slept peacefully, although the tears he shed in praying over the little cottage he called home were scarcely dry on his cheeks.

The vizier woke him, not ungently. Sooth to say, he felt some pity for this blue eyed lad, and, moved by a kindly impulse, he helped the page to dress and took his hand as they hurried through the long, dimly lighted corridors.

The sultan still sat up, clutching his covering around him and reminding the vizier most unpleasantly of a sullen wild boar in his lair, solitary, miserable, but infinitely dangerous. The vizier shivered inwardly as he presented the page.

"Leave the boy alone with me!" growled his master. "Are you paralyzed, you sons of idiocy, that you do not move when I speak?"

This last sentence cleared the room instantly, although the sultan had never been so nearly alone before.

His two gigantic guards, who slept at the foot of his bed, went last, their naked scimiters gleaming in their hands. The door closed noiselessly.

The page knelt quietly near the center of the room, the light from the swinging lamps full upon him. His eyes were resting undisturbedly on the sultan.

"Rise and come here!" growled the ruler boarsely. The page rose, and, to the sultan's astonishment, he walked confidently to the couch and, seating himself on it, passed his slim, cool fingers over the ruler's brow.

"How very hot and uncomfortable you are!" he said thoughtfully. "You've almost got a fever, but your face is worst of all."

"What's the matter with my face?" demanded the sultan, considerably taken aback.

"It's quite wrinkled with trouble, just like father's is before mother smooths it away for him. This is the way she does it."

He was so small and the mighty ruler so large that he had to kneel on the coverings to reach his master's forehead, but his touch produced a remarkable effect. The sultan sank back on his pillows and lay quite still for nearly fifteen minutes, while the stroking went on.

Outside the door knelt the grand vizier, looking carefully through the keyhole, too amazed to report the result of his observations to the officers behind him.

"What makes you think trouble put those lines in my face?" asked the sultan.

"I don't know how I know it," said the page perplexedly, "but I do. You see, when they took me away from mother and brought me to the palace I thought you would be just perfectly happy. But you look like the old rugmaker near us did when the soldiers broke his loom to pieces."

The sultan grinned, his lip curling upward, after the fashion of a wolf. "Would that my vizier could hear thee pay compliments! But my loom is not broken, and woe unto those who attempt it! Thou seest the splendor of my palace?"

"You have more things than any one could count," said the page reflectively. "What a good time your boys must have!"

The sultan scowled. His heir apparent was in the depths of a toad infested dungeon, while his other sons trembled daily for their heads. "I don't talk of them," he muttered. "Ungrateful hounds they are!" Then he added hastily, by way of changing the subject: "Your infidel sect clings to its holes, which it calls homes. Therefore, I suppose, your mother shrieked and screamed when they brought you away."

Two round, hot tears splashed down from the page's eyes upon his master's beard. The vizier distinctly saw them gleam in the light, though he could catch no word of the conversation. He looked to see the audacious boy's head neatly swept off with the curved scimiter, but the sultan merely lay still.

"She never screams," said the page quietly. "She told me it was God's will I should come here, else you could not have taken me. She said I would find people here more unhappy than she or I could ever be, and I must t-t-try f-f-for her sake to be good to them. I think I would better not talk of her, though. Are you feeling better? You're not nearly so hot as you were."

"A weight grows on my lids."

"Then I will put out the lights," said the page determinedly. "You can't sleep while they are burning."

He was so quick in his movement that only a frantic lunge on the sultan's part enabled the latter to catch him while he was still in reach. Drawn roughly back, the page faced around and saw that beads of cold sweat stood out on the sultan's forehead; that he was ghastly white with terror.

"May the powers of evil consume thee!" he cried sharply to the boy. "Let the lamps alone! Don't you know, you Christian fool, that as soon as the dark flows round me it lays in wait for me and comes creeping nearer and nearer? Its face is broken and bloody, and its eyes are filmy. But the arms—the arms are so strong! They want to close round my throat closer and closer. They want to strangle me. Ah, I see Its shadow now!"

The sultan's breath came in hoarse gasps. His eyes were big with horror. The page stood by him manfully, though he was woefully scared himself.

"How c-c-could anything pass the guards?" he stuttered, unable to keep all anxiety out of his voice.

"Guards!" hissed the sultan. "Who trusts the guards? Look at the Christian rulers, whose followers profess such milky doctrines of gentleness. How do they rest? But if Allah sent me power to know my true servants, to read their souls like a mirror, that would not save me from it. Through them It comes, and they cannot see it. My father died of it, died with no mark on him, and his father before him. Nothing but light keeps It away. I have not been in the accursed dark for twenty years."

"Oh!" said the page, with considerable relief in his voice. "I know what you mean now. Mother told me all about it." He quietly pushed his master back on the pillows, and while the sultan stared at him in open mouthed amazement he went on with absolute confidence:

"You see, it's fear you are afraid of. Fear stays in all kinds of places, and sometimes it looks like one thing and sometimes like another, according to the person. And it can come anywhere it likes."

"Thou hast it," muttered the sultan, listening gravely to the clear, childish voice.

"And it's a mistake to think light can always keep it away."

"So it is. How knewest thou that? By the beard of the prophet, even in the daylight I have seen"—

The page interrupted him with a calm unconsciousness which would have paralyzed the vizier.

"There's only one thing can keep it away, and that is"—

"What? May Allah speak through thee!"

"And that's just to believe it isn't there. You mustn't shake your head. I've tried it, and I know. As soon as you believe there's nothing to trouble you the thing just shrivels up and goes away. It can never come back until you choose to believe in it again."

The sultan's hand, red with the blood of his fellow beings, lay lightly on the page's arm. The sultan's tiger eyes, which had seen unmoved deeds which could blacken the infernal regions, looked as gently at the page as his own mother could have done.

"You may lower the lamps," said the ruler softly.

And he did not wince as the first darkness he had known for twenty years cast its healing shadows aronnd his couch. The page crept up beside him and shared his pillow. They talked no longer. Outside in the passage the vizier rubbed his heavy lashes, astounded, and whispered eloquently with the guards. But the page heard only the peaceful breathing of his bedfellow.

The sultan slept.

A Cold Snap In Illinois.

A cold snap is as bad as the fishing season for making liars. A West Alton man says that a citizen of that town threw a cupful of water at a cat one cold morning last winter. The water froze into a chunk of ice in the air, hit the cat on the head and broke its skull.

Then he told about a Flint hill woman who left a lamp burning all night in the kitchen and when she tried to blow it out in the morning found the flame frozen hard. She broke it off and threw it into the woodshed, where later it thawed out and set the shed on fire.

As if those two were not enough, he winds up with the story of a St. Charles doctor who just before he started out on a drive took half a dozen good sized drinks of fine old bourbon. It was a cold night, and his breath was frozen into chunks. He put the chunks into a pail when he got home and thawed them out, and he had a quart of pretty fair whisky.—Alton Telegraph.

Baiting a Conductor.

During the rush hour the other afternoon a dignified men entered a well filled Market street car and tried to work his way in to secure a strap to hang from, but the conductor, who was collecting fares, blocked his progress.

"Step lively, there!" said the passenger.

"Were you speakin' to me?" asked the conductor, elevating his eyebrows.

"Certainly," replied the passenger. "Step forward so we can get inside. Plenty of room up front."

"If you will attend to your business, I will attend to mine," snapped the conductor.

"If you can't take your own medicine better than that, you had better try taking the car ahead," answered the passenger. The conductor's reply was lost in the laughter of the passengers. —Philadelphia Telegraph.

Both Blunt.

"I'm too practical to do as heroes do in books, Miss Slight, so I'll just ask you bluntly, will you be my wife?"

"No, thank you, Mr. Terse. I myself don't believe in those silly bookish notions, and as the silly heroines always say yes, why, I'll tell you bluntly, no, sir, I won't!"

Just Cries.

"What makes the baby cry?" asked the little visitor.

"Oh," explained Ethel, "our baby doesn't have to have anything to make it cry."—Chicago Post.

Escaped an Awful Fate.

Mr. H. Haggins, of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery, and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all Throat and Lung diseases by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'f'g Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Shepard, Jr.

The Tonic Par Excellence.

QUINA LAROCHE

(A Wine Cordial.)

The best specific remedy for Malarial and Typhoid Fevers, Colds, Influenza, &c.

E. FOUGERA & Co., 30 & 40 N. William St., N.Y.

jan 1 tf We

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

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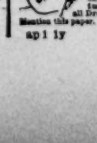

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For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepar

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

Is Full of New and Pretty Goods.

THEY WORK HARD TO PLEASE THEIR CUSTOMERS AND GIVE THEM BIG VALUES.

We are selling this week nice Unbleached Sheeting at 3½c per yard. Denim remnants for 6c per yard. Beautiful Batiste at 5½c per yard. Merrimac Spring Calicos at 4½c per yard. The best apron Ginghams for 6c per yard. Yard-wide black Taffetta Silks not $1, but 75c per yard. Splendid Pongee Silks at 29c per yard. 10c Percales for 7½c per yard. Beautiful Taffetta Silks for 39c per yard.

We have a few hundred Cheap Shoes to close out—all good, honest shoes and worth twice the price we ask for them, but they are odds and ends, odd sizes and a general assortment, some $3 and $4 Shoes in the lot. The prices run 36c, 47c, 59c, 78c and 97c a pair. Some of them are not 25c on the dollar.

We have a big line of Rubber Shoes. We have the Good-Year Storm Cut Rubbers for Men, worth $1, but we are selling them for 75c a pair. Ladies' Shoes at 35c, 48c and 59c a pair.

Ladies' Mackintosh Coats at $2.50 and $3 each. Men's Mackintosh Coats, with long capes, at $1.39 each. We have a few very fine Rubber Coats, guaranteed waterproof, especially for heavy weather, at $3.50 and $5 each.

Rubber Sheeting, three quarters of an inch wide, at 40c; yard wide, 50c; two yards wide, $1 a yard.

Rubber Combs—We handle the best makes; 7-inch rubber combs at 5c, 8-inch combs 6c; ladies' heavy all coarse teeth combs at 20c; our best and strongest combs are 25c each; all coarse teeth horn combs are 5c each.

Notions—Mennen's talcum powder 13½c a box; crush roses and heliotrope talcum powder in glass jars at 10c a jar; C. P. Bailey's talcum powder 5c a box. Toilet Soap—The best castile soap 5c a cake; large 4-oz. soap at 5c a cake; the best medicated tar soap at 5c; a beautiful box of 3 cakes apple-blossom soap at 10c a box; one loi of 25c box soap at 14c a box to close out.

Pomade Jelly in large cans at 10c a can; 6-oz bottle vaseline at 5c.

Overall Department—We sell a large cut well made overall, with apron and suspenders, made of heavy denim, at 50c each; we sell a railroad overall, doubly strong, at 75c each; we sell the Newport overall, which is the best in the city, guaranteed to show down with any, for $1 each, coat and pants.

$1.20 pair ladies' fine shoes, best hand-sewed goods, all fresh stock, to close out this week at $1.00; nothing in the lot sold for less than $2.50.

Just received a large shipment of Window Shades, complete, selling at 10c; Opaque Shades at 25c; Dadoed and Fringed Shades 40c; better quality 50c each.

A nice line of Ladies' Embroidered Collars, 10c value we are making a special rate of these at 5c each. A beautiful line of new Belts at 20, 25c and 50c each. Lots of pretty new Spring Hats for early wear at 50c each. New Ribbons at special cut prices; No. 22 and No. 40 Taffetta at 10c per yd. We sell the Perfection Oil Heaters, guaranteed smokeless and odorless, at $5.00 each. We also handle a full line of Ladies' Chairs; a solid oak rocker, with cane seat, at $1.19; a nice chair, with arms, cane seat or willow seat, at $.75 each. We have lots of good things in underwear to sell. A special drive in Carpets to close out.

Our big sale last week was a great success. We are still giving you low prices at

G. O. GAYLORD'S BIG RACKET STORE,

G. O. Gaylord, Prop.

feb 8 tf

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One of the greatest labor-saving machines known, and such work as it does cannot be done by any other machine made.

In a few days will show one of the largest and finest lines of American and English double and single breech C. ding Shot Guns ever brought to this market.

sep 17 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N C.

Deposit With the Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

BECAUSE—It is the largest and strongest savings bank in the State.
BECAUSE—Your money will bear interest at rate of 4 per cent., compounded quarterly.
BECAUSE—Your deposits may be withdrawn at any time without notice.
BECAUSE—A little nest egg, safely invested on interest, will always be a source of comfort to you——it may prove indispensable.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
feb 8 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

$50 Reward

will be paid for evidence sufficient to convict any one caught molesting or interfering with the sewer system by removing covers to manholes, throwing things in the sewers, or in any other way destroying the property, for which the City Ordinances provide a fine of $50 for each offence. All offenders will be rigorously prosecuted.

The Wilmington Sewerage Co.

jan 31 1m

"There Is Nothing New Under The Sun"

Exclaimed a wise man of old. If he could drop in and see our newly arrived stock of

TOILET SETS, CARRIAGES, GO-CARTS AND LAMPS,

he would think before he speaks next time.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO.,

The Furniture Man,

110-112 Market St. Inter-State 75.

feb 8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

Schedule in Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 4:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 6:36 P. M., Pembroke 7:20 P. M., Maxton 7:35 P. M., Hamlet 8:40 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Hamlet at 8:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:12 A. M., Pembroke 9:45 A. M., Lumberton 10:36 A. M., Wilmington 12:30 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	8 50 a m	9 00 p m
Ar Monroe	10 22 a m	10 45 p m
Ar Charlotte	11 40 a m	11 59 p m
Ar Chester	12 01 p m	12 50 p m
Ar Greenwood	3 19 p m	3 05 a m
Ar Athens	5 19 p m	4 15 a m
Ar Atlanta	7 40 p m	6 15 a m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	5 00 a m	8 45 a m	3 30 p m
Ar Columbia	7 34 a m	11 55 a m	1 10 p m
Ar Savannah	9 45 a m	3 15 p m	4 55 a m
Ar Jacksonville	1 30 p m	7 40 p m	9 15 a m
Ar Tampa		6 45 a m	6 00 p m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

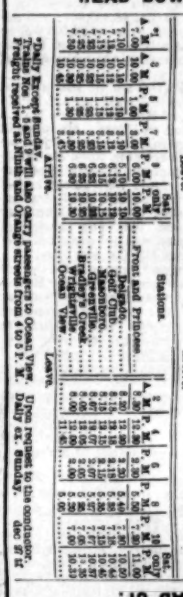
Lv Hamlet	10 25 p m	8 03 a m	
Ar Raleigh	1 15 a m	11 10 a m	
Ar Norlina	3 18 a m	1 37 p m	
Ar Portsmouth		7 10 a m	5 30 p m
Ar Norfolk			7 30 p m
Lv Hamlet	10 25 p m	8 45 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 15 a m	11 45 a m	2 38 a m
Ar Norlina	3 18 a m	1 38 p m	
Ar Petersburg	5 36 a m	4 47 p m	6 30 a m
Ar Richmond	6 10 a m	5 35 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Washington	9 45 a m	8 35 p m	10 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	10 54 a m	11 49 p m	11 51 a m
Ar New York	3 15 p m	6 30 a m	4 15 p m

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

an 12 tf

READ DOWN.



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WINTER SCHEDULE

Schedule in Effect Sunday, December 28.

OCEAN VIEW TO WILMINGTON.

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Publishers and Proprietors.

Jan 23 3t Baltimore, Md.

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The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred

D. CROOM President.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48	No. 40
Lv Wilmington	9 30 a m	7 30 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12 21 p m	9 36 p m
Ar Wilson	1 18 p m	10 40 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1 55 p m	11 35 p m
Ar Norfolk	5 55 p m	
Ar Weldon	4 53 p m	1 45 a m
Ar Petersburg	6 32 p m	3 35 a m
Ar Richmond	7 45 p m	4 07 a m
Ar Washington	11 40 p m	7 54 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 39 a m	9 10 a m
Ar Philadelphia	4 06 a m	11 35 a m
Ar New York	7 15 a m	2 00 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv New York	8 55 a m	9 35 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 30 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 44 p m	3 27 a m
Ar Washington	2 50 p m	3 45 a m
Ar Norfolk		9 00 a m
Ar Richmond	6 56 p m	6 30 a m
Ar Petersburg	7 32 p m	9 13 a m
Ar Weldon	9 04 p m	11 22 a m
Ar Rocky Mount	10 07 P m	12 50 p m
Ar Wilson	10 48 p m	1 46 p m
Ar Goldsboro	7 16 a m	2 55 p m
Ar Wilmington	10 19 a m	5 45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv Wilmington	6 00 a m	3 45 p m	7 00 p m
Ar Florence	9 25 a m	7 20 p m	9 55 a m†
Ar Charleston	1 10 p m	11 15 p m	5 45 a m
Ar Savannah	6 35 p m	3 00 a m	7 55 a m
Ar Jacksonville		9 00 a m	12 45 p m
Ar Tampa		7 00 p m	10 00 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.
Lv Tampa	8 00 p m	8 30 a m
Ar Jacksonville	7 30 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Savannah	1 10 p m	1 15 a m
Ar Charleston	5 15 p m	6 35 a m
Ar Florence	8 00 p m	9 45 a m
Ar Wilmington	11 45 p m	1 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily.	East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington	9 10 a m	Ar. 8 00 p m
Ar Fayetteville	12 23 p m	Ar. 5 00 p m
Ar Sanford	1 50 p m	Lv. 3 45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	North Bound Daily ex Sunday.	South Bound Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmington	2 23 p m	Ar. 12 05 p m
Ar Newbern	5 40 p m	Lv. 9 03 a m

‡Via Wilson.

Trains Nos. 40 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

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ESTABLISHED 1831

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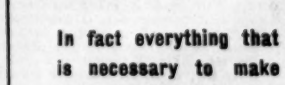
Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.



To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Mixed Train	STATIONS	GOING WEST. Passenger Train
Arrive	Leave	Arrive / Leave
P. M.	P. M.	A. M. / A. M.
.....	2 40	Goldsboro	11 05 / .....
.....	4 35	Kinston	10 19 / .....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 27 / 8 32
7 08	7 07	Morehead City	7 08 / 7 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M. / A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.45 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 5.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 1.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 1.32 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & W. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 21 tf S. A. DILL, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

From New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, Feb. 7
CARIB.....Saturday, feb. 14

From Wilmington for New York.

CARIB.....Saturday, Feb. 7
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, Feb. 14

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

CARIB.....Tuesday, Feb. 3
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Tuesday, Feb. 10

Steamship Carib has good passenger accommodation.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight and passage Apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

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Tally Cards!

In fact everything that is necessary to make your card party a success.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

The Stationer,

feb 8 tf 107 Market St.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 11.

SENATE DISCUSSED STATEHOOD BILL.

Morgan Favored the Omnibus Measure. The Trust Bill He Said Was No More Than Poultice to Alleviate Pain.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The Statehood bill again came up in the Senate to-day, and Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, spoke for the Omnibus measure In the course of his remarks he referred to the trusts, which, he said, have been kept back and will be kept back until it is too late for discussion regarding them The time of the Senate was being wasted on account of what he termed "a peaceful blockade" on the Statehood bill, when more important measures were awaiting action.

The whole world knows, he said, that that Trust bill was no more than "a poultice" to be put on the people to alleviate pain. The object was not to defeat the admission of the territories as States, but something also lies behind it, for which there is no excuse.

The Rawlins resolution regarding courts martial cases in the Philippines was referred to the Committee on the Philippines by a yea and nay vote—36 to 23.

Mr. Hanna presented the conference report on the Department of Commerce bill; final vote on it being deferred until to-morrow in order that it might be printed. The conference report on the General Tariff bill was agreed to.

At 5:25 P. M. the Senate adjourned, after a brief executive session.

VENEZUELAN NEGOTIATIONS.

Great Britain's Protocol Formally Accepted by Mr. Bowen—The Others Are Still Undergoing Revision.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Great Britain's protocol has been formally accepted by Mr. Bowen for Venezuela. The German and Italian conventions are still undergoing revision, but assurances are given in authoritative quarters that they eventually will be made to conform in essential respects to that of the British ambassador. Mr. Bowen called at the embassy today and personally signified his approval of the agreement to the ambassador. He, therefore, presented his formal note of acceptance and it has been cabled to the London Foreign Office.

It appears that the insertion in the German protocol of the provision for advance payment of the original $340,000 demanded of President Castro in the German ultimatum, was the result of a misunderstanding on the part of the German Foreign Office of certain steps in the negotiations here. Through the activity of the German minister, Baron Speck von Sternberg, this point is being cleared up.

The Italian ambassador's instructions are such that he can make little headway until he knows what is contained in the German protocol. He has, however, made a rough draft of his convention and it will take only a short while after the completion of the German convention for Signor Mayor des Planches to put the finishing touches to his protocol.

MURDER TRIAL AT CHARLOTTE

Arthur L. Bishop Arraigned for Killing Thos. J. Wilson—Trial to Begin Friday Morning.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Feb. 10.—Arthur L. Bishop, of Petersburg, Va., a well known travelling salesman for a New England shoe factory, was arraigned in the Superior Court in this city today, on a charge of killing Thomas J. Wilson, a citizen of Charlotte, last December. A special venire of 100 men was summoned from which to select the jury which is to try him. The trial will begin Friday morning. Bishop's counsel will plead that Bishop killed Wilson in self defence.

On the night of the killing Wilson found Bishop in his (Wilson's) parlor drinking wine with Wilson's daughter and a visiting young woman. He ordered Bishop to leave. The latter refused and when Wilson tried to eject him, he shot Wilson. Bishop claims Wilson assaulted him with a stick. Wilson's wife and daughter say that Wilson had a stick in his hand, but did not use it. Bishop escaped, but surrendered a few days later at Petersburg.

OVER AN OLD DEBT.

John Goodwin Shot and Killed Jas W. Henson at Greenville, S. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 10.—A *News and Courier* special from Greenville, S. C., says:

After a heated discussion over an old debt, John Goodwin shot and killed James W. Henson here this afternoon. Both men are residents of Greenville, and are well known throughout the country. The shooting occurred on one of the principal streets. Goodwin was immediately placed under arrest and is now in the county jail. Henson died in about fifteen minutes after being shot and made no statement.

The British barque Crown of Germany, from San Francisco for Queenstown, arrived yesterday, and landed thirty of the crew of the Belgian steamer Maskelyne, Captain Tanner, from New Orleans and Newport News for Antwerp. The steamer was abandoned in a sinking condition on January 31st.

Chinese Inspector You has arrested nine Chinese in Mobile on charges of violating the Chinese exclusion act by entering this country without proper certificates.

Nearly Forfeits His Life.

A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, of Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally as good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruption and Piles. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BILL.

Conference Report on the Measure Adopted by the House After General Debate.

BILL TO PENSION EX-SLAVES.

Denounced by Democrats as a Piece of Political Manœuvring—Cannon, Republican Leader, Declared No Such Bill Could Pass

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The House to-day adopted the conference report upon the Department of Commerce bill, by a vote of 215 to 10. One Republican, Mr. Littlefield, of Maine, and nine Democrats, voted against this action. Several Democrats took the position that the Nelson amendment to the bureau of corporations was a weak and ineffectual attempt to provide the machinery for incorporation publicity. Mr. Mann, of Illinois, on behalf of the Republicans, contended on the contrary that it was a better measure of publicity than had been presented in any other bill. After this conference report was disposed of, the remainder of the day was devoted to the Sundry Civil appropriation bill. Mr. Cannon, chairman of the Appropriations Committee, gave notice that at the proper time he would move two amendments—one to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a three-story four-hundred room office building for members, to be connected with the capitol by a subway and to cost $3,800,000; and the other an appropriation of $3,500,000 to carry out the original plans of beautifying and enlarging the main wing of the capitol.

The notable feature of the general debate on the bill was a speech by Mr. DeArmond, of Missouri, on the Hanna bill to pension ex slaves. He spoke in a sarcastic vein, but the subject assumed a serious phase when Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, stated that adventurers in the South were using the bill to impose on ignorant, credulous negroes and called upon Mr. Cannon to give assruance that the passage of such a measure was not contemplated. This assurance Mr. Cannon gave.

Mr. DeArmond denominated the bill recently introduced by Senator Hanna to pension the ex-slaves as a "curious evidence of the prevailing trend of politics" which was "more palpable as a piece of political manœuvring than as a piece of prospective legislation."

The introducer of the bill, he said, announced that he was not a candidate for the presidency, but from the same authority came the announcement that there were no trusts. The exact facts could, he said, be balanced in the public mind after a study of both statements. The negro delegate, he said, was an important factor in Republican national conventions and there was nothing like making preparations in good time. It was an interesting game and those not concerned could watch it with equanimity. It was a farce, he said, but still farces had their solemn aspects. And it was sobering to think of the old negroes in their cabins in the South giving up their earnings until the time came when they would turn for relief to their natural protectors—the white people of the South. (Democratic applause.)

Mr. Cannon in reply treated Mr. DeArmond's remarks lightly, calling attention to the fact that Senator Hanna's bill had been introduced "by request."

But Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, put a different view on the matter. He stated seriously that companies were already being formed and circulars were being sent out to ignorant colored people by unscrupulous adventurers, and he thought both sides should join in assurance to them not to invest their quarters and dimes in this cimerical scheme.

Mr. Cannon responded that all should understand, rich and poor, white and black, cultured and ignorant, that the government promised to all alike equality before the law and equality of opportunity, and under it each must work out his own salvation.

Mr. DeArmond was not satisfied with this statement, but asked for a more specific assurance, and in reply Mr. Cannon stated with emphasis that if the ignorant were being imposed upon they should be undeceived—that in his judgment no such bill could or would pass.

When the conference report on the Department of Commerce bill was presented, Mr. Richardson, of Alabama, said he did not believe the Nelson amendment was aimed at the trusts. He said it was a travesty upon what it claimed to be. It was, he said, an "ultra dilutioned dose."

"Its purpose, he declared, was not to authorize the President to proceed against the trusts, but simply to secure information upon which he could base recommendation. This, he said, was a puerile response to the bold threats which were heralded abroad that an extra session would be called unless effective legislation were enacted. It was a 'pretext and a subterfuge.'"

Mr. Ball, Texas, who followed Mr. Richardson, ridiculed the program of the administration regarding anti-trust legislation. The administration, he said was reported as anxious to secure the passage of the Nelson and Elkins bills, and it was pretended that the Standard Oil Company was sending telegrams to senators to prevent their passage. He did not believe it. "I do not believe," said he, "that John D. Rockefeller or any other trust magnate has raised a protest against the homeopathic doses in those bills. They are no more harmful to trusts than would be Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup."

Mr. Adamson, of Georgia, said that while he realized the Nelson amendment was a "delusion and a snare, thinner than thin air," yet as notice had been served that it was the only measure on the programme of the "trust buster," it would receive his vote. He called attention to the language of the amendment that the information obtained by the bureau of corporations, or so much thereof as the President shall direct, "shall be made public."

Was that the vaunted publicity, he asked. He did not doubt the honesty of the present executive, he said, but suppose another man more friendly to trusts should be elected? Then what would the Nelson amendment amount to? He concluded with the statement that the amendment was artistically framed to defeat what the people wanted—proper regulation of the trusts.

The report was adopted—251 to 10. These voting in the negative were: Ball, Democrat, Texas; DeArmond, Democrat, Missouri; Fleming, Democrat, Georgia; Lester, Democrat, Georgia; Littlefield, Republican, Maine; Little, Democrat, Arkansas; Reid, Democrat, Arkansas; Robertson, Democrat, Louisiana; Shackleford, Democrat, Missouri, and Vandiver, Democrat, Missouri.

It was agreed that at the session on Sunday, February 23nd, eulogies to the memory of the late Representative Moody of North Carolina, should be in order.

The House adjourned until to-morrow.

PRESIDENT URGING TRUST LEGISLATION.

Had Several Conferences With Senators and Representatives at White House Concerning Pending Measures.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Discussion of anti-trust legislation was continued at the White House to-day. President Roosevelt had several conferences with Senators and Representatives concerning pending measures, the discussion revolving about the Nelson publicity amendment to the Department of Commerce bill, the Elkin's Rebate bill and the Littlefield bill, which was passed by the House on Saturday.

Early in the day the President had a conference with Representative Littlefield. The latter is urging strongly that his measure be taken up and passed by the Senate. He maintains that while the Nelson amendment provides for publicity as to some of the operations of corporations, it does not go so far as his measure goes, and not so far as Congress ought to go in the matter.

Later, Senators Spooner and Aldrich had extended talks with the President about legislation. With other Congressional callers the President discussed the subject, urging upon all, it is understood, the desirability that Congress should enact the Nelson amendment and the Elkins rebate measure. It is the concensus of opinion among members of Congress that both of those measures will be enacted into law, and that it is scarcely likely that Congress will go further with anti-trust legislation at the present session.

During several days, the President has been conferring, as opportunity offered, with prominent members of the House about the Elkins Rebate bill. The President also has had a conference with Speaker Henderson concerning the bill. It is understood that while the Speaker is not wholly in sympathy with the measure, he will not stand in the way of its consideration by the House. Indeed, it can be stated upon excellent authority that the Speaker and the Committee on Rules, of which he is the ex officio head, will authorize, if necessary, a special rule providing for the consideration of the bill after it has been reported by Col. Hepburn's committee. Such action, it is asserted, practically would mean the passage of the measure by the House and its enactment into law.

WARM WIRELETS.

All the warships in Admiral Glass squadron sailed from San Francisco for Honduras yesterday.

A special from Asheville says the condition of Dr. J. L. M. Curry shows no improvement. It is thought that he is slowly sinking.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Murchison bank building on Chesnut street. Services this evening at 8 o'clock. All are invited.

General Adna R. Chaffee, Commander of the Department of the East, U. S. A., arrived at Savannah yesterday and spent the day inspecting the government military reservation at Fort Screven, Tybee Island.

Hubbard T. Smith, United States Vice Consul General at Cairo, who had been in a hospital at Geneva for some time, suffering from cancer of the kidneys, died yesterday.

Burglars made a rich haul at Grace Episcopal church at Newark, N. J. They gained an entrance into the vestry and ransacked the church, securing vestments valued at $10,000.

All officers of the Russian army reserves have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to rejoin their regiments in twenty-four hours, in the event of mobilization orders being issued.

Genaro Rubino, the Italian anarchist, who has been on trial since February 6th, in Brussels, charged with attempting to assassinate King Leopold, November 14th, was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for life at penal servitude.

The British steamer Westhall, from New Orleans, arrived at London with crew of the American schooner Anna L. Mulford, from Charleston January 5th for New York. The captain of the Mulford reports that the negro crew refused to work the pumps and allowed the schooner, which was leaking badly, to founder.

The House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce has referred to a sub-committee, yet to be named by Chairman Hepburn, the bill providing for the construction of a light house and fog signal at the outer Diamond shoal, Cape Hatteras. Authority is given the sub-committee to make favorable report.

PASSING OF TURPENTINE FORESTS.

Method of Prof. Herty for Preserving Trees Commended to Growers.

The Savannah *News* editorially says of the naval store outlook:

Naval stores operators are not grumbling. It has been a long time since they were as prosperous as they are now. If they cannot make money at present prices they might as well abandon the industry.

The operators have the industry in their own hands. They can control production, and they are probably doing so. And they should study the method of Prof. Herty for preserving the pine trees. Unless that is done—that is, unless the trees are preserved—it will not be many years before the industry will be a thing of the past in this section of the South.

During the last few years the pine forests have been dealt with by turpentine operators as if the purpose was to get out of them all there was to be got in the shortest possible time. Under the Herty plan the aim is to preserve the turpentine farms. If his statements are correct these farms can be made to pay a big interest for many years on a valuation of $50 an acre. In fact, at the present high prices of spirits of turpentine it is probable they would pay a big profit on a much higher valuation. The Herty plan is well worth trying.

The Ambulance Fund.

The STAR returns thanks and makes acknowledgement of a contribution of $1.00 yesterday to the hospital ambulance fund from its young friend, Master Isaac B. Grainger. Thus far the fund has reached only $38, and unless there are other manifestations of interest in the movement by the public to-day, the amounts subscribed will be returned to the donors or make another disposition of the funds as the subscribers may designate.

Anway's Croup Syrup is the only certain and safe cure for Croup, Coughs and Colds in babies. It is pleasant to give and must not be confounded with the cure all cough, remedies. Anways is for babies. 25 cts, at Robt. R. Bellamy's.

STEAMER MADIANA LOST AT BERMUDA

Sailed From New York Last Saturday With a Party of Excursionists.

THE SHIP IS A TOTAL LOSS.

All on Board Were Rescued and Brought Safely to Land After a Perilous Trip The Passengers Had a Most Thrilling Experience.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAMILTON, BERMUDA, Feb. 10.—The Quebec Steamship Company's steamer Madiana, Captain Fraser, which sailed from New York on Saturday last, for a special cruise among the Caribbean islands with a party of excursionists, went ashore early this morning on the reefs of this island and will prove a total loss. The passengers and crew were landed and there was no loss of life.

The steamer Madiana was built in Glasgow in 1876 and is of 1933 tons net burden. She is 344 feet eight inches long, has thirty-nine feet, four inches beam and is 29 feet deep. The steamer is owned by the Quebec Steamship Company and hails from London. The Madiana has on board about 100 passengers. Most of them from New England, a few from the West, several from Washington, D. C., but none were from the South.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—A. E. Outerbridge Company received this cablegram to-night from their agent at Hamilton, Bermuda:

"All persons saved. All ashore, except captain and second officer, who are standing by the ship. All mail and most of baggage saved."

According to the statements made by those on board, the Madiana was threading her way in the night through the narrow channel between the coral reefs which lead to Hamilton harbor when she struck a reef, one and a half miles northeast of North Rock. No explicit explanation is yet forthcoming as to how the vessel went on the rocks, and the only information obtainable from the officers is that the light which indicates the channel for some reason could not be seen.

All the passengers were in their bunks when the Madiana struck the rocks, but the shock of the impact awakened them and they rushed on deck, the majority of them without attempting to dress. Considerable alarm, though not a panic, prevailed among the passengers when they found that the vessel was hard on the rocks, but the officers went among them and calmed them, although a number did not venture below again to see to their clothing. A part of the crew did not share the coolness of the officers, but the latter soon restored order among the troublesome seamen.

Signals of distress were sent up and the passengers passed an anxious time during the latter part of the night. The Madiana listed heavily after a time and when morning broke, lay broadside to the wind. The passengers were huddled together on the hurricane deck, and the sea breaking over the steamer drenched them to the skin.

As soon as the news of the wreck became known here government and other tugs proceeded to the scene to endeavor to render assistance. A heavy sea, however, was running, and they dared not approach too close to the reef on which the Madiana was pounding. For some time no communication with the Madiana was possible. The tug Gladyafen stood about a mile off awaiting an opportunity to assist, but it was not until 11 o'clock this morning that it became possible to effect a rescue. The crew of the Madiana launched a boat, but it could not live in the sea then running and was dashed to pieces against the steamer's side. A second and more successful attempt was made a little later and some of the passengers were lowered into it, and after much exertion it succeeded in reaching the Gladyafen. Other life boats were then launched and the remainder of the passengers and the captain and the crew gained the salvage tug in safety.

By the prompt action of Engineer Nelson, who had the Madiana's bulkheads broken through, the mails and the passengers' light baggage were taken out and brought in the last boats to the Gladyafen, which landed the passengers, crew, mails and baggage here this afternoon.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice, Feb. 10 1903.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Mrs. T. C. Arnold, Mamie Bell Cannon, Catherine Cox, Maggie Dorgins, Laura English, Mr. P. L. Ferguson, Cassinia Frink, W. Hill, Lina Jones, Mary Larkins, Susan Lightles, Mrs. W. T. McCaske, Emma McCoy, Mrs. Minis, Mrs. Junius Moore, Rachel Moore, Lular Murphy, Jane Pope, Virginia G. Pridgen, Carrie Richardson, Miss E. L. River, Emma L. Rivers, Mrs T. H. Singleton, J. Smith, Sophey Smith.

MEN'S LIST.

Jake Aarons, Joseph Albertson, Perry Anderson, W. H. Atkinson, Jesse L. Brown, D. C. Cannady, I. J. Denton, James Fiest, George Hayes, James J. Hagan, J. D. Hopkins, D. T. Hogan, Frank James, J. J. Jerman, R. B. Jarrell, J. H. King, Webb Lewis, Bill M. Long, J. M. McMillan, Neill McArtan, Plummerer Marstor, W. H. Maloy, Will Manier, Johnson Mills, Huron More, J. R. Moore, Morgan Moore, Richard Mixon, Parker's Mills' D. G. Store, C Rogers, Sidney Seamor, W. A. Sossoman (2), Richard Sparkman, Ephraim L Swain, W. H. Thomas, J. T. Thomas (2), J. Weroswell, Ed Lion Williams, C. H Wilcox, J. Wilson, L. Wilson, W. D. Wilson.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

WINSOME MABEL PAIGE'S RETURN.

Week's Engagement Begins Monday at the Academy—Before Lent.

The before Lent theatrical offering will end next week with the return engagement of Mabel Paige, the exceedingly popular star and her clever company, so both the time and the quality of the attraction will tend to "crowd" the Academy nightly. The engagement will be inaugurated next Monday night with an elaborate production, interspersed with new and up-to-date specialties. Among the vaudeville numbers will be the Great Mariynne and magnificent electrical dances. The popular comedian, Mr. DePue, will be seen in some of his latest inimitable specialties.

The advance sale of seats for the performance will commence at Plummer's Friday morning. All reserved seats will be 50 cents.

PRETTY CHURCH ENTERTAINMENT.

Young People of First Baptist Church Had a Delightful Evening.

Mrs. Blackwell's Guild, of the First Baptist church, gave a delightful entertainment last night in the lecture room of the building, which was attended by many young people. The programme observed was as follows:

Piano Solo.....Miss Bessie LeGwin
Recitation.....Miss Lillie Rogers
Vocal Solo.....Miss Cora Meredith
Recitation.....Miss Sallie Oldham
Vocal Solo.....Miss Edith Pritchard
Dialogue.....By Two Girls
Chorus.....All the Girls

After the programme of exercises, which were of a very enjoyable nature, the young ladies served delicious refreshments.

THE GEORGIA MINSTRELS TO-MORROW

stinee in the Afternoon and Performance at Night—Street Parade.

The annual engagement of the Georgia Minstrels will take place at the Academy to-morrow, but this time, so popular have the merry sons of Ham grown to be, that two performances will be given—matinee and night. Both performances will, no doubt, be largely attended. The matinee will appeal more especially to the white people, as the entire lower floor of the theatre will be held exclusively for them. The prices of admission will be as usual at night, and for this performance seats will be on sale at Plummer's this morning, but at the matinee the prices will be reduced to 25 and 50 cents.

The usual big parade will be given to-morrow afternoon at 1:45 o'clock, and should be watched for.

Professional Envy.

An Italian philosopher has amused himself by constructing a scale of degrees for the measurement of professional envy. The highest point in this envy measurer is ten.

Architects are happily placed lowest on the scale. They register only 1; advocates and priests and military men are ranged at 2, and in the ascending scale he gives us professors of science and literature, 4; journalists, 5; authors, 8; physicians, 9; actors and actresses, 10. The small amount of envy among architects is held to be due to their precise, severe and rigid studies. The same thing applies to advocates.

Among the clergy envy is found mostly in preachers. In the military career envy is quiescent in time of peace, but can become acute in time of war. Envy makes men of science and literature lead solitary lives, diffident of each other. Among physicians envy is still more prevalent, and they do not spare their colleagues, often terming them charistans. In the theatrical world envy reaches its acute form, vanity playing a great part in its production.

Crows as Weather Prophets.

The belief that two crows are a happy omen and that they appear to warn men from disaster is very ancient. Alexander the Great was thus saved in Egypt by two crows, and King Alonzo would assuredly have perished in 1147 had it not been for two crows, one of which perched on the prow and the other on the stern of his ship, so pointing the prow of the royal barge safely into port. Crows and rooks are very much alike. It is said that when rooks desert a rookery it foreboded the downfall of the family on whose property it is.

They are also credited with being good weather prognosticators. When the weather is about to be very bad, they stay as near home as possible, but when they foreknow that it will be set fair they start off in the morning right away to a distance where they have an instinct that the food they need is plentiful. Again, if the rooks are seen venturing into the streets of a town or village it is a sure sign of an approaching snowstorm.—All the Year Round.

Books and Bookshelves.

"Low bookshelves," says a furniture dealer, who is a lover of books as well, "have an origin in a reason besides the caprice of fashion. Heat is injurious to the binding of choice books, drying out the natural oil of the leather and making them warp and get out of shape. Most rooms are very warm in the upper parts, and these five and six foot bookcases are a necessity rather than a notion. Cold is as hard on books as overheating, and an atmosphere that is too damp or too dry also injures them. The sun pouring in directly on the shelves fades the bindings. You can have a cheerful, sunny library and yet keep the volumes out of the sun's full power."

Breaking Up "Chatter."

The famous painter Fuseli had a great contempt for "chatter." One afternoon a party of friends paid a visit to his studio, and after a few moments spent in looking at the pictures they seated themselves and proceeded to indulge in a long and purposeless talk. At last, in one of the slight pauses, Fuseli said earnestly, "I had pork for dinner today."

"Why, my dear Mr. Fusell," exclaimed one of the startled group, "what an extremely odd remark!"

"Is it?" said the painter ingenuously. "Why, isn't it as interesting and important as anything that has been said for the last hour?"

Parliamentary Frontiers.

On either side of the commons chamber of our parliament house there is a distinct line along the floor, and any member who, when speaking, steps outside the line on his side is liable to be called to order. These lines are supposed to be scientific frontiers, and the neutral zone between is beyond the length of a sword thrust, and, although members no longer wear swords, except those who are selected to move and second addresses to the throne on certain occasions, the old precaution still lingers on.—Westminster Gazette.

Unhappy Youngster.

Kind Gentleman—Why are you crying, my little lad?

Urchin—Boo-ooh! Billy Wells hit me, an' feyther hit me because I let Billy hit me, an' Billy Wells hit me again because I told feyther, an' now feyther'll hit me again because Billy—(Exit kind gentleman.)—Chums.

At Any Rate He Aroused Discussion.

Lucille—Cholly is such an uninteresting person.

Helen—Oh, I don't know. He gave rise to an animated discussion last night as to whether a person can be considered absentminded when his mind is neither here nor elsewhere.—Town and Country.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 50 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Cabbage, Cabbage—Just received, Car of fine Danish Cabbage. Also Bananas, Apples, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Butter, &c. Both 'Phones. A. S. Winstead. feb 8 tf

To Exchange—I have a fine deer dog which I wish to exchange for a first-class opossum and coon dog Address, John G Wagner, care F. W. Ortmann, Wilmington, N. C. jan 30 tf

Call at Winstead's for all kinds of foreign and domestic fruit; Bananas a specialty No. 218 Market and 215 North Front street. Bell 'Phones 308 and 627. oc 16 tf

Sewing Machines, Typewriters. Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and refurnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Grisman's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. H. Farrar, No. 214 North Second street. my 16 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE. LOW ROUND TRIP Rates From Wilmington

Mardi-Gras, New Orleans, La., Feb. 18th 24th, 1903. Dates of sale Feb. 17th to 23rd, inclusive. Final limit Feb. 28th. Rate, $35.00. By deposit of tickets by original purchasers with Mr. Joseph Richardson, special agent, New Orleans, not earlier than Feb. 18th nor later than Feb. 28th and upon payment of fee of 50 cts. per ticket at time of deposit an extension of the final limit to a date not later than March 14th, 1903, may be obtained.

Mardi-Gras, Pensacola, Fla., and Mobile, Ala., Feb. 18th to 24th, 1903. Dates of sale Feb. 17th to 23rd, inclusive. Final limit Feb. 28th. By deposit of tickets by original purchasers (personally) with Jos. Richardson, special agent, not earlier than Feb. 18th nor later than Feb. 28th, and upon payment of fee of 50 cents per ticket at time of deposit an extension of the final limit to a date not later than March 14th, 1903, may be obtained. Rate to Pensacola, $32.45; to Mobile, $32.95.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
Approved: H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
nov 15 tf

Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Co

New Subscribers since Nov. 1st, 1902, kindly cut this out and paste in Directory of Nov. 15th, 1902:

No. 837—Alexander Co., business.
No. 272—Armour Fertz. Works, business.
No. 719—Anderson, Chas. & Co., business.
No. 267—Bell, B. C., residence.
No. 570—Craig, W. J., residence.
No. 590—Collins, C. E, & Son, business.
No. 366—Craig, S. F., residence.
No. 607—Carmichael, J. W., residence.
No. 711—Dudley, E. P., residence.
No. 259—Everitt, T. A., residence.
No. 494—Fennell, Mrs. Fred, residence.
No. 255—Fowler, J. J., residence.
No. 161—Harmony Circle Club.
No 484—Jacobs, Jos., residence.
No 264—Jacobs, Jos., office.
No. 373—John, R. B., residence.
No. 261—Keith, B. F. Co, office.
No. 561—Kenly, A. C., residence.
No. 360—Koch, W. W., residence.
No. 531—King, W. E, residence.
No. 328—L-Grand, Spencer, residence.
No. 381—Meyers, Mrs. C. D., residence.
No 608—Marshburn, M., business.
No. 485—Mitchell and Taylor, office.
No. 472—Parsley, Geo. D., residence.
No. 657—Savage, W. B., residence.
No. 462—Shamberger, F. M., residence.
No. 189—Standard Pole & Tie Co., office.
No. 679—Union School.
No 422—Voigt, Dr. A. G., residence.
No. 359—Wil. Sewerage Co., office.
No. 637—Winstead, A. S, business.
No. 669—Wilson, B M., business.
No. 14—Wil. Grocery Co., business.
No. 560—Williams, W. A., residence.
No. 407—Williams, D. M., residence.
No. 409—Walker, J. M., residence.
No. 466—Zachary, Dr. R. E., office.

Kindly consult our Directory as to Long Line Service; also, as to get the best Exchange service.

Respectfully, T. S. McMANUS, Manager.
feb 8 3t

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE ATLANTIC National Bank, of Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business, February 6, 1903.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,067,006 31
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		1,671 60
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		25,100 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits		173,600 00
Stocks, se urities, etc.		18,069 63
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		20,000 00
Other Real Estate owned		10,400 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)		100 252 33
Due from State Banks and Bankers		146,847 47
Due from approved reserve agents		67,496 89
Notes of other National Banks	$6,500 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	908 29	
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz: Specie	$40 537 00	
Legal tender notes	3,339 00	131,700 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas'r (5 per cent. of circulation)		4,700 00
Total		$1,845,596 99

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 125,000 00
Surplus fund	$125,000 00	
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	39,402 20	164,402 20
National Bank notes outstanding		95,100 00
Due to other National Banks	203,065 94	
Due to State Banks and Bankers	300,485 02	
Dividends unpaid	495 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	763,994 41	
Cashiers checks outstanding	19,437 32	
United States deposits	173,800 00	1,461,897 60
Total		$1,845,596 99

State of North Carolina, county of New Hanover, ss:

I, Andrew Moreland, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of February, 1903.

W. C. ARMSTRONG, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
WM. E. WORTH
J. H. CHADBOURN, } Directors.
MATT J. HEYER.
feb 10 tf

American Lady Corset

MADE TO FIT AND DOES FIT.

This is only one of the many popular brands which we carry in stock.

BLACK CAT STOCKINGS, Guaranteed.

If your children are hard on stockings try this brand. They are so good that the manufacturer guarantees them.

Table Linens, Remnants,

WHILE THEY LAST.

A. D. BROWN.

feb 6 tf

WHAT OFTEN HAPPENS!

You have less coal in the cellar than you th ught. The s rike has not the p'ice of Anthracite ar und our reach; however, we have on hand a large quantity of

Red Jacket Egg.
Tennessee Jellico.
Mountain Ash and Coke

which are the best substitutes for Anthracite Will be pleased to receive your orders, and will do our best to please you.

The Coal, Cement & Supply Co.

Sole Agents and Distributors.
Davis' 100 per cent. pure Paints, Colors and Varnishes, and

COPYRIGHT.

SOUTHERN OIL AND SUPPLY CO.'S

Lubricating, Linseed and Illuminating Oils.

Give us trial order. 'Phones—Inter State 73, Bell 645. 214 South Front street, jan 8 tf

Overstocked

I am overstocked with Bedroom Suits, Sideboards, Chiffoniers and Hall Racks, and if you are in need of either these articles you can buy at your own prices until my stock is reduced to its proper proportion. Spot cash prices marked in plain figures. Liberal terms to the right people.

Upholstering, Repairing and Mattress making a specialty. Furniture hauled, packed and stored. Sole Agent for Ostermoor's Felt Mattresses. Exclusive sale of the products of the best factories in the world.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.
feb 1 tf

Selz Schwab Shoes

Make Men's feet glad. They are the best that can be produced for Style, Wear and Comfort We sell them in Vici, Calf and Box Calf, Bals, Bluchers and Congress.

Price $3.00 and $3.50.

They are trade winners that bring the trade.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 25 tf

A Week of Wonderful Value Giving.

500 yards fine Wool Imported French Flannels in extremely desirable color combinations, an ideal material for Waists and Kimonas, goods which will be recognized at once as being

Worth 50c a Yard for 38c a Yard.

Also Black Flannel 38-inch wide at 15c yard. We only have 500 yards and advise those wishing to buy to call early in the week.

S. & B. Solomon

feb 7 tf

Statement of Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.,

Wilmington, N. C.

At close of business February 6th, 1903, condensed from report to Corporation Commission. (Began business September, 1902.)

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$236,931 02
Furniture and Fixtures	400 00
Cash on hand, Due from Banks	4,668 74
	$241,998 36

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 50,000 00
Profits, less exp nses and taxes paid	7,158 86
Accrued interest due depositors	1 00 00
Deposits	183 46 50
	$241,998 36

MATT J. HEYER, President. E. H. J. AHRENS, Vice President
feb 10 tf MITCHELL P. ALLEN, Cashier.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF The Murchison National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.,

At close of business, Feb. 6, 1903.

(Began business March 1, 1899.)

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 913,114 12
U. S. Bonds (at par)		257 00 0
Bank Building		30,000 00
Cash on hand and in banks		625 597 70
		$1,843,702 82

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 200 000 00
Surplus and Net Profits		87,151 77
Circulation		1 0 900 00
Deposits		1,299 601 05
		$1,843 702 82

Comparative statement of deposits,
February 6th, 1900, $ 372,537 14.
February 6th, 1901, $409,290 63.
February 6th, 1902, $683 203 71.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
feb 10 tf

It is for you to say

If you know what first class goods are, as to quality and style. After seeing my line call and judge for yourself.

J. T. BURKE,

THE JEWELER,

27 South Front St.

dec 18 tf

Lost, Strayed or Stolen

Seven bags Sweet Potatoes from Steamer Whitlock

at Hall & Pearsall's wharf. Please return same to

HALL & PEARSALL.

feb 4 tf

Buy the Best!

$24,000 LBS. SNOW DRIFT LARD

Just arrived.

All sizes from 3 pound tins to tierces. Best Lard on the market. Send your orders to

W. B. COOPER,

308, 310 and 312 Nutt Street,

feb 6 tf Wilmington, N. C.

"THE FAVORITE."

"The Favorite" Barber Shop is now more attractive than ever. Recent improvements make it more pleasing to the eye; while it still maintains its old reputation for the very best service to its patrons.

GIBSON & DAVIS,
nov 29 tf South Front Street.

Lands Posted.

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wilmington having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting ranging or otherwise trespassing on said lands

no W. NOBLE.